

Clinical Policy: Inotuzumab Ozogamicin (Besponsa)

Reference Number: PA.CP.PHAR.359

Effective Date: 09/2017

Last Review Date: 10/2023

[Revision Log](#)

Description

Inotuzumab ozogamicin (Besponsa™) is a CD22-directed antibody-drug conjugate.

FDA Approved Indication(s)

Besponsa is indicated for the treatment of adults with relapsed or refractory B-cell precursor acute lymphoblastic leukemia (ALL).

Policy/Criteria

Provider must submit documentation (which may include office chart notes and lab results) supporting that member has met all approval criteria.

It is the policy of PA Health & Wellness that Besponsa is **medically necessary** when the following criteria are met:

I. Initial Approval Criteria

A. B-Cell Precursor Acute Lymphoblastic Leukemia (must meet all):

1. Diagnosis of B-cell ALL;
2. Prescribed by or in consultation with an oncologist or hematologist;
3. B-cell ALL is CD22 positive;
4. Disease meets one of the following (a or b):
 - a. Disease is relapsed or refractory;
 - b. Frontline for Philadelphia chromosome negative in certain circumstances for age 15-39 years or < 65 years without substantial comorbidities;
 - i.
5. If age ≤ 18 years, one of the following (a or b):
 - a. Besponsa is prescribed as single-agent therapy;
 - b. For relapsed/refractory Ph-negative B-ALL Besponsa in combination with mini-hyper-CVD (mini-hyperfractionated cyclophosphamide, vincristine, and dexamethasone) regimen;
6. Besponsa is prescribed for no more than 6 cycles total;
7. Request meets one of the following (a or b):
 - a. Dose does not exceed 1.8 mg/m² per cycle (0.8 mg/m² on Day 1 and 0.5 mg/m² on Days 8 and 15);
 - b. Dose is supported by practice guidelines or peer-reviewed literature for the relevant off-label use (*prescriber must submit supporting evidence*).

Approval duration: 6 months Up to 6 cycles total

B. Other diagnoses/indications

1. Refer to PA.CP.PHAR.53 if diagnosis is NOT specifically listed under section III (Diagnoses/Indications for which coverage is NOT authorized).

II. Continued Therapy

A. B-Cell Precursor Acute Lymphoblastic Leukemia (must meet all):

1. Currently receiving medication via PA Health & Wellness benefit or member has met all initial approval criteria or the Continuity of Care Policy (PA.LTSS.PHAR.01) applies;
2. Member is responding positively to therapy;
3. Member has not received ≥ 6 cycles of Besponsa;
4. If request is for a dose increase, request meets one of the following (a or b):
 - a. New dose does not exceed 1.8 mg/m^2 per cycle (0.8 mg/m^2 on Day 1 and 0.5 mg/m^2 on Days 8 and 15);
 - b. New dose is supported by practice guidelines or peer-reviewed literature for the relevant off-label use (*prescriber must submit supporting evidence*).

Approval duration: Up to 6 cycles total

B. Other diagnoses/indications (must meet 1 or 2):

1. Currently receiving medication via PA Health & Wellness benefit or member has met all initial approval criteria or the Continuity of Care Policy (PA.LTSS.PHAR.01) applies;

Approval duration: Duration of request or 6 months (whichever is less); or

2. Refer to PA.CP.PHAR.53 if diagnosis is NOT specifically listed under section III (Diagnoses/Indications for which coverage is NOT authorized).

III. Diagnoses/Indications for which coverage is NOT authorized:

- A. Non-FDA approved indications, which are not addressed in this policy, unless there is sufficient documentation of efficacy and safety according to the off label use policy – PA.CP.PHAR.53 or evidence of coverage documents.

IV. Appendices/General Information

Appendix A: Abbreviation/Acronym Key

ALL: acute lymphoblastic leukemia

CR: complete remission

CRi: complete remission with

incomplete hematologic recovery

FDA: Food and Drug Administration

HSCT: hematopoietic stem cell transplant

Appendix B: Therapeutic Alternatives

Not Applicable Appendix C: Contraindications/Boxed Warnings

- Contraindication(s): none reported
- Boxed warning(s): hepatotoxicity, including hepatic venoocclusive disease; increased risk of post-HSCT non-relapse mortality

V. Dosage and Administration

Indication	Dosing Regimen	Maximum Dose
B-cell ALL	If proceeding to hematopoietic stem cell transplant (HSCT): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The recommended duration is 2 cycles. A third cycle may be considered for those patients who do not achieve a 	1.8 mg/m^2 per cycle

Indication	Dosing Regimen	Maximum Dose
	<p>complete remission* (CR) or complete remission with incomplete hematologic recovery* (CRi) and minimal residual disease negativity after 2 cycles.</p> <p>If not proceeding to HSCT:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Additional cycles of treatment, up to a maximum of 6 cycles, may be administered. <p>Cycle details: <i>Pre-medication is recommended before each dose.</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> For the first cycle: 1.8 mg/m² per cycle, administered as 3 divided doses on Day 1 (0.8 mg/m²), Day 8 (0.5 mg/m²), and Day 15 (0.5 mg/m²). Cycle 1 is 3 weeks in duration, but may be extended to 4 weeks if the patient achieves CR or CRi, and/or to allow recovery from toxicity. For subsequent cycles: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> In patients who achieve a CR or CRi, 1.5 mg/m² per cycle, administered as 3 divided doses on Day 1 (0.5 mg/m²), Day 8 (0.5 mg/m²), and Day 15 (0.5 mg/m²). Subsequent cycles are 4 weeks in duration. OR In patients who do not achieve a CR or CRi, 1.8 mg/m² per cycle given as 3 divided doses on Day 1 (0.8 mg/m²), Day 8 (0.5 mg/m²), and Day 15 (0.5 mg/m²). Subsequent cycles are 4 weeks in duration. Patients who do not achieve a CR or CRi within 3 cycles should discontinue treatment. 	(0.8 mg/m ² per dose)

*CR (complete remission) is defined as < 5% blasts in the bone marrow and the absence of peripheral blood leukemic blasts, full recovery of peripheral blood counts (platelets $\geq 100 \times 10^9/L$ and absolute neutrophil counts [ANC] $\geq 1 \times 10^9/L$) and resolution of any extramedullary disease.

*CRi (complete remission with incomplete hematologic recovery) is defined as < 5% blasts in the bone marrow and the absence of peripheral blood leukemic blasts, incomplete recovery of peripheral blood counts (platelets < $100 \times 10^9/L$ and/or ANC < $1 \times 10^9/L$) and resolution of any extramedullary disease.

VI. Product Availability

Single-dose vial, powder for reconstitution: 0.9 mg

VII. References

- Besponsa Prescribing Information. Philadelphia, PA: Wyeth Pharmaceuticals, Inc.; March 2018. Available at www.besponsa.com. Accessed July 7, 2023.
- National Comprehensive Cancer Network Drugs and Biologics Compendium. Available at: http://www.nccn.org/professionals/drug_compendium. Accessed August 8, 2023.
- National Comprehensive Cancer Network. Acute Lymphoblastic Leukemia Version 2.2023. Available at [nccn.org](http://www.nccn.org). Accessed August 8, 2023.
- National Comprehensive Cancer Network. Pediatric Acute Lymphoblastic Leukemia Version 2.2023. Available at: https://www.nccn.org/professionals/physician_gls/pdf/ped_all.pdf. Accessed August 8, 2023.

Reviews, Revisions, and Approvals	Date	P&T Approval Date
New Policy Created	07/2018	
4Q 2019 annual review: No changes per Statewide PDL implementation 01-01-2020	10/2019	
4Q 2020 annual review: FDA/NCCN dosing limitation added; age removed to encompass pediatrics per NCCN; references reviewed and updated.	08/2020	
4Q 2021 annual review: added additional pathway for use as induction therapy and revised requirement for use as single agent therapy to only apply to pediatric ALL per NCCN; clarified dosing per FDA label; references reviewed and updated.	10/2021	
4Q 2022 annual review: for Philadelphia chromosome-positive disease removal of requirement of intolerant or refractory to TKI per NCCN; added to initial criteria Besponsa is prescribed for no more than 6 cycles total; approval duration revised to 6 months (up to 6 cycles total); references reviewed and updated.	10/2022	
4Q 2023 annual review: removed monotherapy requirement since Besponsa also indicated as combination therapy for age ≤ 18 years per NCCN Compendium; corrected “and” to “or” for scenarios of either relapsed/refractory disease or Philadelphia chromosome-negative disease; references reviewed and updated.	10/2023	