

# **Clinical Policy: Discography**

Reference Number: PA.CP.MP.115 Effective Date: 01/18 Date of Last Review: 5/26/2022

Coding Implications Revision Log

### Description

In lumbar discography, contrast medium is injected into a lumbar intervertebral disc that is thought to be the cause of low back pain. This procedure is used to reproduce a patient's pain and visualize the disc morphology. Injection pressures are also taken into account when considering whether the test suggests symptomatic disc degeneration.

#### **Policy/Criteria**

- I. It is the policy of Pennsylvania Health and Wellness (PHW) that lumbar discography are **not medically necessary.**
- II. It is the policy of Pennsylvania Health and Wellness (PHW) that there is insufficient evidence in the published peer-reviewed literature to support the use of cervical and thoracic discography.

#### Background

#### Lumbar Discography

Lumbar Discography is a controversial diagnostic test for chronic discogenic low back pain. Proponents argue that recreating the patient's pain makes the test more sensitive and specific than imaging such as radiographs, myelography, and MRI, which identify both symptomatic and asymptomatic abnormalities.<sup>1</sup> However, critics argue that discography lacks reliability, given the absence of a clearly defined gold-standard reference test and the ability of the test to produce pain in patients without any prior history of back pain.<sup>1,2</sup> Additionally, studies have come to conflicting conclusions regarding the accuracy of lumbar discography in identifying the source of discogenic pain and in guiding treatment decisions.<sup>3-7</sup> Discography after lumbar discectomy in particular has been noted to produce pain in patients who are otherwise asymptomatic.<sup>8</sup>

Recent guidelines upheld prior statements regarding the unsuitability of discography as a standalone test.<sup>1,9</sup> Moreover, there is evidence from a prospective cohort study that discography may lead to accelerated disk degeneration such as occurrence of new herniations, loss of disc height, and loss of disc signal intensity.<sup>10</sup>

#### Cervical/Thoracic Discography

While evidence is fair for lumbar discography to identify the source of discogenic pain, for cervical or thoracic discography, it is limited by few studies of poor quality.<sup>11-13</sup>

Lumbar discography represents a screening tool for the source of discogenic pain after other sources of lumbar pain have been excluded and when treatment is available.<sup>11</sup> For cervical and thoracic pain, discography is not an appropriate diagnostic or screening tool.

# **Coding Implications**

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CPT <sup>®</sup> Codes	Description
62290	Injection procedure for discography, each level; lumbar
62291	Injection procedure for discography, each level; cervical or thoracic
62292	Injection procedure for chemonucleolysis, including discography, intervertebral disc, single or multiple levels, lumbar
72285	Discography, cervical or thoracic, radiological supervision and interpretation
72295	Discography, lumbar, radiological supervision and interpretation

	Revision Date	Approval Date
Reviews, Revisions, and Approvals		
I: Changed lumbar discography from medically necessary to not	09/18	
medically necessary.		
Background updated. References reviewed and updated.		
I & II language clarified for not medically necessary and	10/19	11/18/2019
investigational. References reviewed and updated.		
Annual review of content, references, and coding. Specialty	2/18/2021	
review. References reviewed and updated. ICD-10 codes removed.		
References reviewed, updated and reformatted.	5/26/2022	
"Experimental/investigational" verbiage replaced in policy		
statement II with "there is insufficient evidence in the published		
peer-reviewed literature to support the use of cervical and thoracic		
discography." Changed "review date" in the header to "date of last		
revision" and "date" in the revision log header to "revision date."		

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