

Clinical Policy: Anakinra (Kineret)

Reference Number: PA.CP.PHAR.244

Effective Date: 01/18 Last Review Date: 04/19

Revision Log

Description

Anakinra (Kineret®) is an interleukin-1 (IL-1) receptor antagonist.

FDA Approved Indication(s)

Kineret is indicated for the treatment of:

- Rheumatoid arthritis (RA) for the reduction in signs and symptoms and slowing the progression of structural damage in moderately to severely active RA, in patients 18 years of age or older who have failed 1 or more disease modifying antirheumatic drugs (DMARDs)
- Cryopyrin-associated periodic syndromes (CAPS): Treatment of neonatal-onset multisystem inflammatory disease (NOMID).

Policy/Criteria

Provider <u>must</u> submit documentation (which may include office chart notes and lab results) supporting that member has met all approval criteria

It is the policy of Pennsylvania Health and Wellness® that Kineret is **medically necessary** when the following criteria are met:

I. Initial Approval Criteria

- A. Rheumatoid Arthritis (must meet all):
 - 1. Diagnosis of RA;
 - 2. Prescribed by or in consultation with a rheumatologist;
 - 3. Age \geq 18 years;
 - 4. Member meets one of the following (a or b):
 - a. Failure of methotrexate (MTX) for ≥ 3 consecutive months at up to maximally indicated doses, unless contraindicated or clinically significant adverse effects are experienced;
 - b. If intolerance or contraindication to MTX (see Appendix D), failure of $a \ge 3$ consecutive month trial of at least ONE DMARD (e.g., sulfasalazine, leflunomide, hydroxychloroquine) at up to maximally indicated doses, unless contraindicated or clinically significant adverse effects are experienced;
 - 5. Failure of etanercept (*Enbrel is preferred*) and adalimumab (*Humira is preferred*)each used for ≥ 3 consecutive months, unless contraindicated or clinically significant adverse effects are experienced, or member is currently receiving Kineret; **Prior authorization is required for etanercept and adalimumab*
 - 6. Dose does not exceed 100 mg daily.

Approval duration: 6 months

B. Cryopyrin-Associated Periodic Syndromes (must meet all):



- 1. Diagnosis of neonatal-onset multisystem inflammatory disease (NOMID);
- 2. Prescribed by or in consultation with a rheumatologist;
- 3. Dose does not exceed 8 mg/kg per day.

Approval duration: 6 months

C. Other diagnoses/indications

1. Refer to PA.CP.PMN.53 if diagnosis is NOT specifically listed under section III (Diagnoses/Indications for which coverage is NOT authorized).

II. Continued Therapy

A. All Indications in Section I (must meet all):

- 1. Currently receiving medication via Pennsylvania Health and Wellness benefit or member has previously met initial approval criteria or Continuity of Care policy applies;
- 2. Member is responding positively to therapy (examples: sign/symptom reduction, no disease progression, no significant toxicity);
- 3. If request is for a dose increase, new dose does not exceed:
 - a. For RA: 100 mg per day;
 - b. For NOMID: 8mg/kg per day.

Approval duration: 12 months

B. Other diagnoses/indications (1 or 2):

1. Currently receiving medication via Pennsylvania Health and Wellness benefit and documentation supports positive response to therapy.

Approval duration: Duration of request or 12 months (whichever is less); or

2. Refer to PA.CP.PMN.53 if diagnosis is NOT specifically listed under section III (Diagnoses/Indications for which coverage is NOT authorized).

III. Diagnoses/Indications for which coverage is NOT authorized:

A. Non-FDA approved indications, which are not addressed in this policy, unless there is sufficient documentation of efficacy and safety according to the off label use policy – PA.CP.PMN.53 or evidence of coverage documents.

IV. Appendices/General Information

Appendix A: Abbreviation/Acronym Key CAPS: cryopyrin-associated periodic

syndromes

DMARD: disease-modifying

antirheumatic drug

FDA: Food and Drug Administration

IL-1: interleukin-1 MTX: methotrexate

NOMID: neonatal-onset multisystem

inflammatory disease RA: rheumatoid arthritis

Appendix B: Therapeutic Alternatives

This table provides a listing of preferred alternative therapy recommended in the approval criteria. The drugs listed here may not be a formulary agent for all relevant lines of business and may require prior authorization.



Drug Name	Dosing Regimen	Dose Limit/ Maximum Dose
azathioprine	RA	2.5 mg/kg/day
(Azasan [®] , Imuran [®])	1 mg/kg/day PO QD or divided BID	
Cuprimine®	RA*	1,500 mg/day
(d-penicillamine)	<u>Initial dose:</u>	
	125 or 250 mg PO QD	
	Maintenance dose:	
	500 – 750 mg/day PO QD	
cyclosporine	RA	4 mg/kg/day
(Sandimmune [®] ,	2.5 – 4 mg/kg/day PO divided BID	
Neoral [®])		
hydroxychloroquine	RA*	600 mg/day
(Plaquenil®)	Initial dose:	
	400 – 600 mg/day PO QD	
	Maintenance dose:	
	200 – 400 mg/day PO QD	
leflunomide	RA	20 mg/day
(Arava [®])	100 mg PO QD for 3 days, then 20 mg	
	PO QD	
methotrexate	RA	30 mg/week
(Rheumatrex®)	7.5 mg/week PO, SC, or IM or 2.5 mg	
	PO Q12 hr for 3 doses/week	
Ridaura®	RA	9 mg/day (3 mg TID)
(auranofin)	6 mg PO QD or 3 mg PO BID	
sulfasalazine	RA	3 g/day
(Azulfidine®)	2 g/day PO in divided doses	
Enbrel [®]	RA	50 mg/week
(etanercept)	25 mg SC twice weekly or 50 mg SC	_
	once weekly	
Humira [®]	RA	40 mg/week
(adalimumab)	40 mg SC every other week (may	
	increase to once weekly)	

Therapeutic alternatives are listed as Brand name® (generic) when the drug is available by brand name only and generic (Brand name®) when the drug is available by both brand and generic.
*Off-label

Appendix C: Contraindications/Boxed Warnings

- Contraindication(s): known hypersensitivity to *E. coli*-derived proteins, Kineret, or any components of the product
- Boxed warning(s): none reported

Appendix D: General Information

• Definition of MTX or DMARD Failure



- Child-bearing age is not considered a contraindication for use of MTX. Each drug has
 risks in pregnancy. An educated patient and family planning would allow use of MTX
 in patients who have no intention of immediate pregnancy.
- Social use of alcohol is not considered a contraindication for use of MTX. MTX may only be contraindicated if patients choose to drink over 14 units of alcohol per week. However, excessive alcohol drinking can lead to worsening of the condition, so patients who are serious about clinical response to therapy should refrain from excessive alcohol consumption.
- Examples of positive response to therapy may include, but are not limited to:
 - o Reduction in joint pain/swelling/tenderness
 - o Improvement in ESR/CRP levels
 - o Improvements in activities of daily living

V. Dosage and Administration

RA	100 mg SC QD	100 mg/day
NOMID	Initial dose:	8 mg/kg/day
	1 – 2 mg/kg SC QD or divided BID	
	Maintenance dose:	
	8 mg/kg SC QD or divided BID	

VI. Product Availability

Single-use prefilled syringe: 100 mg/0.67 mL

VII. References

- 1. Kineret Prescribing Information. Stockholm, Sweden: Swedish Orphan Biovitrum AB; June 2018. Available at: http://www.kineretrx.com/pdf/Full-Prescribing-Information-English.pdf. Accessed February 26, 2019.
- 2. Smolen JS, Landewé R, Breedveld FC, et al. EULAR recommendations for the management of rheumatoid arthritis with synthetic and biological disease-modifying antirheumatic drugs: 2013 update. Ann Rheum Dis. 2014; 73: 492-509.
- 3. Singh JA, Furst DE, Bharat A, et al. 2012 update of the 2008 American College of Rheumatology recommendations for the use of disease-modifying antirheumatic drugs and biologic agents in the treatment of rheumatoid arthritis. Arthritis Care Res. 2012; 64(5): 625-639.
- 4. Singh JA, Saag KG, Bridges SL, et al. 2015 American College of Rheumatology Guideline for the Treatment of Rheumatoid Arthritis. Rheumatology 2016. 68(1):1-26.

Coding Implications

Codes referenced in this clinical policy are for informational purposes only. Inclusion or exclusion of any codes does not guarantee coverage. Providers should reference the most up-to-date sources of professional coding guidance prior to the submission of claims for reimbursement of covered services.



HCPCS Codes	Description
N/A	

Reviews, Revisions, and Approvals	Date	Approval Date
2Q 2018 annual review: removed TB testing requirement from all indications; references reviewed and updated.		
2Q 2019 annual review: references reviewed and updated.		