

Clinical Policy: Sofosbuvir (Sovaldi)

Reference Number: PA.CP.PHAR.281 Effective Date: 01/18 Last Review Date: 07/17/19

Revision Log

Description

Sofosbuvir (Sovaldi[®]) is a nucleotide analog inhibitor of hepatitis C virus (HCV) NS5B polymerase.

FDA-Approved Indication

Sovaldi is indicated for the treatment of:

- Adult patients with genotype 1, 2, 3 or 4 chronic HCV infection without cirrhosis or with compensated cirrhosis as a component of a combination antiviral treatment regimen.
- Pediatric patients 12 years of age and older or weighing at least 35 kg with genotype 2 or 3 chronic HCV infection without cirrhosis or with compensated cirrhosis in combination with ribavirin (RBV).

Policy/Criteria

It is the policy of Pennsylvania Health and Wellness[®] that Sovaldi is **medically necessary** when the following criteria are met:

I. Initial Approval Criteria

** Provider <u>must</u> submit documentation (including office chart notes and lab results) supporting that member has met all approval criteria **

A. Chronic Hepatitis C Infection (must meet all):

- 1. Diagnosis of chronic hepatitis C virus (HCV) infection with documented genotyping;
- 2. If actively abusing alcohol or IV drugs, or has a history of abuse, has documentation of prescriber counseling regarding the risks of alcohol or IV drug abuse and an offer of a referral for substance use disorder treatment;
- 3. Has a Metavir fibrosis score documented by a recent noninvasive test such as a blood test or imaging, a Fibroscan, or findings on physical examination;
- 4. Has documented completion of the following (a or b, c, d, and e):

a. Hepatitis B immunization series; or

b.Hepatitis B screening (sAb/sAg and cAb);

c. If positive for hepatitis B sAg, quantitative HBV DNA results;

d.If there is detectable HBV DNA, a treatment plan for hepatitis B consistent with AASLD recommendations; and

- e. If negative for hepatitis B sAb, a hepatitis B immunization plan or counseling to receive the hepatitis B immunization series;
- Has a documented HIV screening (HIV Ag/Ab) and if confirmed positive by HIV-1/HIV-2 differentiation immunoassay meets the following (a or b):
 a.Is being treated for HIV or is not being treated for HIV; or
 b.The medical record documents the rationale for not being treated;
- 6. Has documentation of AASLD-recommended resistance- associated substitution (RAS) testing and is prescribed a drug regimen in accordance with AASLD guidance;

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- 7. If genotype 1a, or had a previous treatment failure with a direct-acting antiretroviral (DAA) regimen, is prescribed an AASLD recommended drug regimen based on the documented results of a NS5A RAS screening;
- 8. Does not have a life expectancy of less than 12 months due to non-liver-related comorbid conditions;
- 9. Has a documented quantitative HCV RNA at baseline that was tested within the past 3 months;
- 10. Has corrected or addressed the causes of non-adherence to a previously prescribed Hepatitis C treatment regimen if the member has a history of failed treatment due to non-adherence;
- 11. Had all potential drug interactions addressed by the prescriber;
- 12. Prescribed regimen is consistent with an FDA or AASLD-IDSA recommended regimen (*see Section V Dosage and Administration for reference*);
 - a. If a lower cost alternative regimen carries an equal or higher AASLD-IDSA rating, a clinical contraindication or intolerance must be present for the alternative regimen prior to the approval of a Sovaldi-based regimen;
- 13. If prescribed with ribavirin, no changes will be required of therapy;
- 14. Has a documented commitment to adherence with the planned course of treatment and appropriate monitoring;
- 15. Dose does not exceed 400 mg (1 tablet) per day.
 - a. If request exceeds limit, refer to PA.CP.PMN.53.

Approval duration: up to 24 weeks(**Approved duration should be consistent with a regimen in Section V Dosage and Administration*)

Approval duration for Pediatrics: 12 weeks for genotype 2; 24 weeks for genotype 3

B. Other diagnoses/indications: Refer to PA.CP.PMN.53 if diagnosis is NOT specifically listed under section III (Diagnoses/Indications for which coverage is NOT authorized).

II. Continued Approval

** Provider <u>must</u> submit documentation (including office chart notes and lab results) supporting that member has met all approval criteria **

A. Chronic Hepatitis C Infection (must meet all):

- 1. Currently receiving medication via Pennsylvania Health and Wellness benefit or member has previously met all initial approval criteria or Continuity of Care policy (PA.LTSS.PHAR.01) applies;
- 2. Dose does not exceed 400 mg (1 tablet) per day.

Approval duration for Adults: up to a total of 24 weeks*

(*Approved duration should be consistent with a regimen in Section V Dosage and Administration)

Approval duration for Pediatrics: up to 12 weeks for genotype 2; up to 24 weeks for genotype 3



B. Other diagnoses/indications

1. Refer to PA.CP.PMN.53 if diagnosis is NOT specifically listed under section III (Diagnoses/Indications for which coverage is NOT authorized).

III. Diagnoses/Indications for which coverage is NOT authorized:

 Non-FDA approved indications, which are not addressed in this policy, unless there is sufficient documentation of efficacy and safety according to the off label use policy – PA.CP.PMN.53 or evidence of coverage documents

IV. Appendices

Appendix A: Abbreviation Key

HCC: hepatocellular carcinoma HCV: hepatitis C virus IDSA: Infectious Diseases Society of America MRE: magnetic resonance elastography NS3/4A, NS5A/B: nonstructural protein Peg-IFN: pegylated interferon PI: protease inhibitor RBV: ribavirin RNA: ribonucleic acid

Appendix B: General Information

- Hepatitis B Reactivation is a Black Box Warning for all direct-acting antiviral drugs for the treatment of HCV. The provider must provide either:
 - Documentation of absence of concurrent HBV infection as evidenced by laboratory values showing absence of hepatitis B virus envelope antigen (HBeAg) and HBV DNA (deoxyribonucleic acid);
 - Documentation that HBV co-infected patient may not be candidates for therapy as evidenced by one of the following:
 - Absence of HBeAg, HBV DNA less than 2,000 international units/mL, and alanine aminotransferase (ALT) level within 1 to 2 times the upper limit of normal;
 - HBeAg-positive and HBV DNA greater than 1,000,000 international units/mL and ALT level within 1 to 2 times the upper limit of normal;
 - Documentation that concurrent HBV infection is being treated (e.g., tenofovir alafenamide, adefovir, entecavir), unless contraindicated or clinically significant adverse effects are experienced.
- The 2016 AASLD/IDSA treatment guideline for HBV consider ALT levels <30 U/L for men and <19 U/L for women as upper limits of normal.
- The 2016 AASLD/IDSA treatment guideline for HBV recommend adults with compensated cirrhosis, even with low levels of viremia (<2,000 IU/mL) be treated with antiviral therapy to reduce the risk of decompensation, regardless of ALT level. The recommendation extends to adults with decompensated cirrhosis be treated with antiviral



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therapy indefinitely regardless of HBV DNA level, HBeAg status, or ALT level to decrease the risk of worsening liver-related complications.

Brand Name	Drug Class					
	NS5A Inhibitor	Nucleotide Analog NS5B Polymerase Inhibitor	Non-Nucleoside NS5B Palm Polymerase Inhibitor	NS3/4A Protease Inhibitor (PI)**	CYP3A Inhibitor	
Daklinza	Daclatasvir					
Epclusa*	Velpatasvir	Sofosbuvir				
Harvoni*	Ledipasvir	Sofosbuvir				
Olysio				Simeprevir		
Sovaldi		Sofosbuvir				
Technivie*	Ombitasvir			Paritaprevir	Ritonavir	
Viekira XR/PAK*	Ombitasvir		Dasabuvir	Paritaprevir	Ritonavir	
Zepatier*	Elbasvir			Grazoprevir		

Appendix C: Direct-Acting Antivirals (DAAs) for Treatment of HCV Infection

*Combination drugs

**Additional PIs no longer recommended: Victrelis (boceprevir), Incivek (telaprevir)

V. Dosage and Administration

A. *AASLD/IDSA treatment guidelines for chronic hepatitis C infection are updated at irregular intervals; refer to the most updated AASLD/IDSA guideline for most accurate treatment regimen.

VI. Product Availability

Tablet: 400 mg

Updated policy to incorporate DUR Memo dated 12.10.18.	1.7.2019	
3Q 2019 annual review: No changes per Statewide PDL implementation		
01-01-2020		

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