

# **Clinical Policy: Enfuvirtide (Fuzeon)**

Reference Number: PA.CP.PHAR.41 Effective Date: 01/18 Last Review Date: 07/17/19

Coding Implications Revision Log

## Description

The intent of the criteria is to ensure that patients follow selection elements established by It is the policy of Pennsylvania Health and Wellness<sup>®</sup> clinical policy for enfuvirtide (Fuzeon<sup>®</sup>).

# FDA Approved Indication(s)

Fuzeon is indicated for use in combination with other antiretroviral agents for the treatment of HIV-1 infection in treatment experienced patients with HIV-1 replication despite ongoing antiretroviral therapy.

## **Policy/Criteria**

*Provider must submit documentation (such as office chart notes, lab results or other clinical information) supporting that member has met all approval criteria.* 

It is the policy of health plans affiliated with Pennsylvania Health and Wellness that Fuzeon is **medically necessary** when one of the following criteria are met:

## I. Initial Approval Criteria

- A. Human Immunodeficiency Virus (must meet all):
  - 1. Diagnosis of HIV-1 infection;
  - 2. Prescribed by or in consultation with an infectious disease or HIV specialist;
  - 3. Failure of  $\geq 12$  weeks of antiretroviral therapy which includes 2 nucleoside analogue reverse transcriptase inhibitors and 1 drug from one of the following classes: an integrase strand transfer inhibitor, a nonnucleoside analogue reverse transcriptase inhibitor, or a pharmacokinetic enhanced protease inhibitor;
  - 4. Current (within the past 30 days) HIV ribonucleic acid viral load  $\geq$  200 copies/mL;
  - 5. Fuzeon is prescribed concurrently with additional antiretroviral agents to which member is susceptible;
  - 6. Dose does not exceed 180 mg/day.

# **Approval duration: 6 months**

## B. Other diagnoses/indications: Refer to PA.CP.PMN.53

# **II. Continued Approval**

- A. HIV-1 Infection (must meet all):
  - 1. Currently receiving medication via Pennsylvania Health and Wellness benefit or member has previously met all initial approval criteria or the Continuity of Care policy (PA.LTSS.PHAR.01) applies;
  - 2. Member is responding positively to therapy;
  - 3. If request is for a dose increase, new dose does not exceed 180 mg/day.

# **Approval duration: 12 months**



## **B.** Other diagnoses/indications (must meet 1 or 2):

- 1. Currently receiving medication via Pennsylvania Health and Wellness benefit and documentation supports positive response to therapy or the Continuity of Care policy (PA.LTSS.PHAR.01) applies; or
- 2. Refer to PA.CP.PMN.53

## Background

## Description/Mechanism of Action:

Enfuvirtide is an inhibitor of the fusion of HIV-1 with CD4 cells. Enfuvirtide is an antiviral drug that interferes with the entry of HIV-1 into cells by inhibiting fusion of viral and cellular membranes. Enfuvirtide binds to the first heptad-repeat (HR1) in the gp41 subunit of the viral envelope glycoprotein and prevents the conformational changes required for the fusion of viral and cellular membranes.

# III. Appendices/General Information

Appendix A: Abbreviation/Acronym Key FDA: Food and Drug Administration HIV-1: human immunodeficiency virus-1 RNA: ribonucleic acid

# Appendix B: Therapeutic Alternatives

This table provides a listing of preferred alternative therapy recommended in the approval criteria. The drugs listed here may not be a formulary agent for all relevant lines of business and may require prior authorization.

Drug Name	Dosing Regimen	Dose Limit/ Maximum Dose
Nucleos(t)ide reverse transcriptase inhibitors (NRTIs) (e.g., abacavir, tenofovir disoproxil fumarate, Emtriva <sup>®</sup> , etc.)	Refer to prescribing information	Refer to prescribing information
Non-nucleoside reverse transcriptase inhibitors (NNRTIs) (e.g., efavirenz, nevirapine, Edurant <sup>®</sup> , etc.)	Refer to prescribing information	Refer to prescribing information
Integrase strand transfer inhibitors (INSTIs) (e.g., Tivicay <sup>®</sup> , Isentress <sup>®</sup> )	Refer to prescribing information	Refer to prescribing information
Protease inhibitors (PIs) (e.g., atazanavir, fosamprenavir, Invirase <sup>®</sup> , Viracept <sup>®</sup> , etc.)	Refer to prescribing information	Refer to prescribing information



Drug Name	Dosing Regimen	Dose Limit/ Maximum Dose
Fixed-dose combinations (e.g.,	Refer to prescribing	Refer to prescribing
Genvoya <sup>®</sup> , Stribild <sup>®</sup> , Odefsey <sup>®</sup> ,	information	information
Descovy <sup>®</sup> , Truvada <sup>®</sup> , etc.)		

Therapeutic alternatives are listed as Brand name<sup>®</sup> (generic) when the drug is available by brand name only and generic (Brand name<sup>®</sup>) when the drug is available by both brand and generic

## Appendix C: Contraindications Not applicable

## Appendix D: General Information

Per the Department of Health and Human Services Antiretroviral Guidelines:

- Evaluation of virologic failure should include as assessment of adherence, drug-drug or drug-food interactions, drug tolerability, HIV ribonucleic acid (RNA) and CD4 T lymphocyte (CD4) cell count trends over time, treatment history, and prior and current drug-resistance testing results.
- Virologic failure is defined as the inability to achieve or maintain suppression of viral replication (to an HIV RNA level < 200 copies/mL). Patients with levels persistently above 200 copies/mL, especially > 500 copies/mL, often develop drug resistance.
- Virologic suppression is defined as a confirmed HIV RNA level below the limit of assay detection (e.g., < 48 copies/mL).
- There is no consensus regarding how to manage patients with HIV RNA levels > 48 copies/mL and < 200 copies/mL. The risk of emerging resistance is believed to be relatively low. HIV RNA levels should be monitored at least every 3 months to assess the need for changes in antiretroviral therapy in the future.

## **IV. Dosage and Administration**

Indic	ation	Dosing Regimen	Maximum Dose
HIV-	1 infection	Adults: 90 mg SC BID	180 mg/day
		Pediatric patients (6-16 years): 2 mg/kg SC BID up to 90 mg/dose	

## V. Product Availability

Lyophilized powder in vial: 108 mg (90 mg/mL when reconstituted)

## **Coding Implications**

Codes referenced in this clinical policy are for informational purposes only. Inclusion or exclusion of any codes does not guarantee coverage. Providers should reference the most up-todate sources of professional coding guidance prior to the submission of claims for reimbursement of covered services.

HCPCS Codes	Description
J1324	Injection, enfuvirtide, 1 mg

Reviews, Revisions, and Approvals	Date	Approval Date
3Q 2018 annual review: no significant change from previously approved policy; HIV specialist added as prescriber option, removed re-auth requirement for drug resistance testing if current HIV RNA is at least 500 copies/mL; initial: requirement for current HIV RNA at least 200 copies/mL added, continued: requirement for specific decrease in viral load/increase in CD4 count replaced by general positive response statement; continued approval durations modified from length of benefit to 6 months or renewal date and 12 months, respectively; continuity of care added; references reviewed and updated.	08/18	
3Q 2019 annual review: No changes per Statewide PDL implementation 01-01-2020	07/17/19	

# References

- 1. Fuzeon Prescribing Information. South San Francisco, CA: Genentech USA, Inc.; December 2016. Available at <u>http://www.gene.com/</u>. Accessed April 2, 2018.
- Panel on Antiretroviral Guidelines for Adults and Adolescents. Guidelines for the use of antiretroviral agents in HIV-1-infected adults and adolescents. Department of Health and Human Services. Available at <u>http://www.aidsinfo.nih.gov</u>. Last updated March 27, 2018. Accessed May 3, 2018.
- 3. Gunthard HF, Saaq MS, Benson CA et al. Antiretroviral drugs for treatment and prevention of HIV infection in adults: 2016 recommendations of the International Antiviral Society-USA Panel. JAMA. 2016 Jul 12;316(2):191-210. doi: 10.1001/jama.2016.8900.