

# Clinical Policy: Ibrutinib (Imbruvica)

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[Coding Implications](#)

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## Description

Ibrutinib (Imbruvica<sup>®</sup>) is a Bruton tyrosine kinase (BTK) inhibitor.

## FDA Approved Indication(s)

Imbruvica is indicated for the treatment of:

- Adult patients with mantle cell lymphoma (MCL) who have received at least one prior therapy
  - Accelerated approval was granted for this indication based on overall response rate. Continued approval for this indication may be contingent upon verification and description of clinical benefit in a confirmatory trial.
- Adult patients with chronic lymphocytic leukemia (CLL)/small lymphocytic lymphoma (SLL)
- Adult patients with chronic lymphocytic leukemia (CLL)/small lymphocytic lymphoma (SLL) with 17p deletion
- Adult patients with Waldenström's macroglobulinemia (WM)
- Adult patients with marginal zone lymphoma (MZL) who require systemic therapy and have received at least one prior anti-CD20-based therapy
  - Accelerated approval was granted for this indication based on overall response rate. Continued approval for this indication may be contingent upon verification and description of clinical benefit in a confirmatory trial.
- Adult patients with chronic graft-versus-host disease (cGVHD) after failure of one or more lines of systemic therapy

## Policy/Criteria

It is the policy of health plans affiliated with Pennsylvania Health and Wellness that Imbruvica is **medically necessary** when one of the following criteria are met:

### I. Initial Approval Criteria

#### A. Mantle Cell Lymphoma (must meet all):

1. Diagnosis of MCL;
2. Prescribed by or in consultation with an oncologist or hematologist;
3. Member meets one of the following (a or b):
  - a. Prescribed in combination with rituximab as pretreatment for HyperCVAD;
  - b. Received at least one prior therapy (*see Appendix B*), unless contraindicated or clinically significant adverse effects are experienced to all;
4. If request is for tablets, medical justification supports inability to use capsules;
5. Request meets one of the following (a or b):
  - a. Dose does not exceed 560 mg per day (4 capsules or 1 tablet) per day;
  - b. Dose is supported by practice guidelines or peer-reviewed literature for the relevant off-label use (*prescriber must submit supporting evidence*).

**Approval duration: 6 months**

**B. Chronic Lymphocytic Leukemia/Small Lymphocytic Lymphoma (must meet all):**

1. Diagnosis of CLL or SLL;
2. Prescribed by or in consultation with an oncologist or hematologist;
3. If request is for tablets, medical justification supports inability to use capsules;
4. Request meets one of the following (a or b):
  - a. Dose does not exceed 420 mg per day (3 capsules or 1 tablet) per day;
  - b. Dose is supported by practice guidelines or peer-reviewed literature for the relevant off-label use (*prescriber must submit supporting evidence*).

**Approval duration: 6 months**

**C. Waldenström's Macroglobulinemia (must meet all):**

1. Diagnosis of Waldenström's macroglobulinemia (WM);
2. Prescribed by or in consultation with an oncologist or hematologist;
3. If request is for tablets, medical justification supports inability to use capsules;
4. Request meets one of the following (a or b):
  - a. Dose does not exceed 420 mg (3 capsules or 1 tablet) per day;
  - b. Dose is supported by practice guidelines or peer-reviewed literature for the relevant off-label use (*prescriber must submit supporting evidence*).

**Approval duration: 6 months**

**D. Marginal Zone Lymphoma (must meet all):**

1. Diagnosis of marginal zone lymphoma (MZL);
2. Prescribed by or in consultation with an oncologist or hematologist;
3. Member has received at least one prior anti-CD20-based therapy (e.g., rituximab), unless contraindicated or clinically significant adverse effects are experienced to all;
4. If request is for tablets, medical justification supports inability to use capsules;
5. Request meets one of the following (a or b):
  - a. Dose does not exceed 560 mg (4 capsules or 1 tablet) per day;
  - b. Dose is supported by practice guidelines or peer-reviewed literature for the relevant off-label use (*prescriber must submit supporting evidence*).

**Approval duration: 6 months**

**E. Chronic Graft-Versus-Host Disease (must meet all):**

1. Diagnosis of cGVHD;
2. Prescribed by or in consultation with an oncologist, hematologist, or bone marrow transplant specialist;
3. Age  $\geq$  18 years;
4. Member has a history of bone marrow/stem cell transplant;
5. Member meets one of the following (a or b):
  - a. Failure of a systemic corticosteroid (e.g., prednisone) at up to maximally indicated doses, unless contraindicated or clinically significant adverse effects are experienced;

- b. If intolerance or contraindication to systemic corticosteroids, failure of an immunosuppressant [e.g., mycophenolate mofetil, calcineurin inhibitors (e.g., cyclosporine, tacrolimus), sirolimus] at up to maximally indicated doses, unless contraindicated or clinically significant adverse effects are experienced;
- 6. If request is for tablets, medical justification supports inability to use capsules;
- 7. Request meets one of the following (a or b):
  - a. Dose does not exceed 420 mg (3 capsules or 1 tablet) per day;
  - b. Dose is supported by practice guidelines or peer-reviewed literature for the relevant off-label use (*prescriber must submit supporting evidence*).

**Approval duration: 6 months**

**F. NCCN Compendium Indications (off-label) (must meet all):**

- 1. Diagnosis of one of the following (a, b, or c):
  - a. Non-Hodgkin's (B-cell) lymphoma or any of its subtypes (*see Appendix D for NCCN-recommended subtypes*);
  - b. Hairy cell leukemia (HCL);
  - c. Primary CNS lymphoma;
- 2. Prescribed by or in consultation with an oncologist or hematologist;
- 3. Age  $\geq$  18 years;
- 4. Disease is relapsed, recurrent, or progressive;
- 5. Member meets one of the following (a or b):
  - a. For HCL: Received at least two prior therapies (*see Appendix B*), unless contraindicated or clinically significant adverse effects are experienced to all;
  - b. For CNS lymphoma or non-Hodgkin's (B-cell) lymphoma: Received at least one prior therapy (*see Appendix B*), unless contraindicated or clinically significant adverse effects are experienced to all;
- 6. If request is for tablets, medical justification supports inability to use capsules;
- 7. Request meets one of the following (a or b):
  - a. Dose does not exceed FDA maximum;
  - b. Dose is supported by practice guidelines or peer-reviewed literature for the relevant off-label use (*prescriber must submit supporting evidence*).

**Approval duration: 6 months**

**G. Other diagnoses/indications: Refer to PA.CP.PMN.53**

**II. Continued Approval**

**A. All Indications in Section I (must meet all):**

- 1. Currently receiving medication via Pennsylvania Health and Wellness benefit or member has previously met all initial approval criteria or Continuity of Care Policy (PA.LTSS.PHAR.01) applies;
- 2. Member is responding positively to therapy;
- 3. If request is for a dose increase, request meets one of the following (a, b, or c):

- a. MCL and MZL: New dose does not exceed 560 mg (4 capsules or 1 tablet) per day;
- b. CLL/SLL, WM, and cGVHD: New dose does not exceed 420 mg (3 capsules or 1 tablet) per day;
- c. New dose is supported by practice guidelines or peer-reviewed literature for the relevant off-label use (*prescriber must submit supporting evidence*).

**Approval duration: 6 months**

**B. Other diagnoses/indications** (must meet 1 or 2):

1. Currently receiving medication via Pennsylvania Health and Wellness benefit and documentation supports positive response to therapy or Continuity of Care Policy (PA.LTSS.PHAR.01) applies; **Approval duration: Duration of request or 6 months (whichever is less);** or
2. Refer to PA.CP.PMN.53

**Background**

*Description/Mechanism of Action:*

Ibrutinib is a small-molecule inhibitor of Bruton's tyrosine kinase (BTK). Ibrutinib forms a covalent bond with a cysteine residue in the BTK active site, leading to inhibition of BTK enzymatic activity. BTK is a signaling molecule of the B-cell antigen receptor (BCR) and cytokine receptor pathways. BTK's role in signaling through the B-cell surface receptors results in activation of pathways necessary for B-cell trafficking, chemotaxis, and adhesion. Nonclinical studies show that ibrutinib inhibits malignant B-cell proliferation and survival in vivo as well as cell migration and substrate adhesion in vitro.

**III. Appendices/General Information**

*Appendix A: Abbreviation/Acronym Key*

BTK: Bruton's tyrosine kinase	dexamethasone alternating with high-dose methotrexate and cytarabine
cGVHD: chronic graft-versus-host disease	MALT: mucosa-associated lymphoid tissue
CLL: chronic lymphocytic leukemia	MCL: mantle cell lymphoma
DLBCL: diffuse large B-cell lymphoma	MZL: marginal zone lymphoma
FDA: Food and Drug Administration	PTLD: post-transplant lymphoproliferative disorders
FL: follicular lymphoma	SLL: small lymphocytic lymphoma
HCL: hairy cell leukemia	WM: Waldenström's macroglobulinemia
HyperCVAD: cyclophosphamide, vincristine, doxorubicin, and	

*Appendix B: Therapeutic Alternatives*

*This table provides a listing of preferred alternative therapy recommended in the approval criteria. The drugs listed here may not be a formulary agent for all relevant lines of business and may require prior authorization.*

Drug Name	Dosing Regimen	Dose Limit/ Maximum Dose
<b><i>Prior Line Regimens for Oncology Indications</i></b>		

Drug Name	Dosing Regimen	Dose Limit/ Maximum Dose
EPOCH [etoposide, prednisone, vincristine (Vincasar PFS <sup>®</sup> ), cyclophosphamide, doxorubicin (Adriamycin <sup>®</sup> )] + Rituxan <sup>®</sup> (rituximab)	<b>DLBCL</b> Varies	Varies
RCHOP [cyclophosphamide, doxorubicin (Adriamycin <sup>®</sup> ), vincristine (Vincasar PFS <sup>®</sup> ), prednisone]/RDHAP	<b>DLBCL, FL, MCL, MZL, PTL</b> Varies	Varies
HyperCVAD [cyclophosphamide, vincristine (Vincasar PFS <sup>®</sup> ), doxorubicin (Adriamycin <sup>®</sup> ), dexamethasone] + Rituxan <sup>®</sup> (rituximab)	<b>MCL</b> Varies	Varies
NORDIC [dose-intensified induction immunochemotherapy with Rituxan <sup>®</sup> (rituximab) + cyclophosphamide, vincristine (Vincasar PFS <sup>®</sup> ), doxorubicin, prednisone] alternating with Rituxan <sup>®</sup> (rituximab) and high-dose cytarabine	<b>MCL</b> Varies	Varies
RDHAP [Rituxan <sup>®</sup> (rituximab), dexamethasone, cytarabine, cisplatin]	<b>MCL</b> Varies	Varies
RDHAX [Rituxan <sup>®</sup> (rituximab), dexamethasone, cytarabine, oxaliplatin]	<b>MCL</b> Varies	Varies
VR-CAP [bortezomib (Velcade <sup>®</sup> ), Rituxan <sup>®</sup> (rituximab), cyclophosphamide, doxorubicin (Adriamycin <sup>®</sup> ), and prednisone]	<b>MCL</b> Varies	Varies
Bendeka <sup>®</sup> , Treanda <sup>®</sup> (bendamustine) + Rituxan <sup>®</sup> (rituximab)	<b>MCL, FL</b> Varies	Varies
Revlimid <sup>®</sup> (lenalidomide) + Rituxan <sup>®</sup> (rituximab)	<b>FL</b> Varies	Varies

Drug Name	Dosing Regimen	Dose Limit/ Maximum Dose
Rituxan <sup>®</sup> (rituximab)	<b>FL, HCL, MZL, PTLD</b> Varies	Varies
RCVP [Rituxan <sup>®</sup> (rituximab), cyclophosphamide, doxorubicin (Adriamycin <sup>®</sup> ), vincristine (Vincasar PFS <sup>®</sup> )]	<b>FL, MZL, PTLD</b> Varies	Varies
Bendeka <sup>®</sup> , Treanda <sup>®</sup> (bendamustine) + Gazyva <sup>®</sup> (obinutuzumab)	<b>FL</b> Varies	Varies
CHOP + Gazyva <sup>®</sup> (obinutuzumab)	<b>FL</b> Varies	Varies
cladribine	<b>HCL</b> 0.09 mg/kg/day IV for 7 days (1 cycle)	0.09 mg/kg/day per cycle (7 days)
Intron <sup>®</sup> A (interferon alfa-2b)	<b>HCL</b> 2 million units/m <sup>2</sup> TIW	6 million units/m <sup>2</sup> /week
Nipent <sup>™</sup> (pentostatin)	<b>HCL</b> 4 mg/m <sup>2</sup> IV every other week	4 mg/m <sup>2</sup> IV every 2 weeks
High-dose methotrexate-based regimen [methotrexate (Rheumatrex <sup>®</sup> ) + Rituxan <sup>®</sup> (rituximab) and other agents (e.g., temozolomide, vincristine (Vincasar PFS <sup>®</sup> ), procarbazine, cytarabine)]	<b>Primary CNS Lymphoma</b> Varies	Varies
RCEPP [Rituxan <sup>®</sup> (rituximab), cyclophosphamide, etoposide, prednisone, procarbazine]	<b>PTLD</b> Varies	Varies
RCEOP (Rituxan <sup>®</sup> [rituximab], cyclophosphamide, etoposide, vincristine (Vincasar PFS <sup>®</sup> ), prednisone]	<b>PTLD</b> Varies	Varies
<b>Immunosuppressive Agents</b>		
mycophenolate mofetil (Cellcept <sup>®</sup> )	<b>cGVHD*</b> 2 g/day PO	2 g/day
cyclosporine (Gengraf <sup>®</sup> , Neoral <sup>®</sup> , Sandimmune <sup>®</sup> )	<b>cGVHD*</b> 2 g/day PO	Varies
tacrolimus (Prograf <sup>®</sup> )	<b>cGVHD*</b>	1 g/day

Drug Name	Dosing Regimen	Dose Limit/ Maximum Dose
	1g/day PO or 0.06 mg/kg PO BID	
sirolimus (Rapamune®)	<b>cGVHD*</b> 6 mg loading dose PO, then 2 mg PO QD	Maintenance: 2 mg/day
systemic corticosteroids (e.g., prednisone, prednisolone, methylprednisolone)	<b>cGVHD*</b> An equivalent dose of prednisone 1 mg/kg/day PO	Varies

*Therapeutic alternatives are listed as Brand name® (generic) when the drug is available by brand name only and generic (Brand name®) when the drug is available by both brand and generic.*

*\*Off-label*

#### *Appendix C: Contraindications/Boxed Warnings*

None reported

#### *Appendix D: General Information*

- cGVHD:
  - The National Institutes of Health Working Group recommends that the diagnosis of cGVHD require at least 1 diagnostic manifestation of cGVHD (e.g., poikiloderma or esophageal web) or at least 1 distinctive manifestation (e.g., keratoconjunctivitis sicca) confirmed by pertinent biopsy or other relevant tests in the same or another organ.
  - Corticosteroids are the mainstay of initial systemic treatment for patients with cGVHD. Alternatives to, or add-on therapy to corticosteroids includes but is not limited to: mycophenolate mofetil, calcineurin inhibitors (e.g., cyclosporine, tacrolimus), sirolimus.
  - Steroid-refractory chronic GVHD is defined as either failure to improve after at least 2 months, or progression after 1 month of standard immunosuppressive therapy, including corticosteroids and cyclosporine.
- Non-Hodgkin's (B-cell) lymphoma subtypes supported as NCCN category 2A recommended uses for Imbruvica:
  - Follicular lymphoma (grade 1-2)
  - Gastric MALT lymphoma
  - Nongastric MALT lymphoma
  - Nodal marginal zone lymphoma
  - Splenic marginal zone lymphoma
  - Histologic Transformation of Marginal Zone Lymphoma to Diffuse Large B-Cell Lymphoma
  - Diffuse large B-cell lymphoma
  - AIDS-related non-germinal center diffuse large B-cell lymphoma
  - Post-transplant lymphoproliferative disorders
- MCL:



- Imbruvica in combination with Rituxan as a pre-treatment to limit the number of cycles of HyperCVAD with Rituxan is recommended category 2A per NCCN guidelines.
- MZL:
  - Imbruvica as a second-line or later agent is recommended category 2A per NCCN guidelines for MZL subtypes including gastric mucosa-associated lymphoid tissue (MALT) lymphoma, nongastric MALT lymphoma, splenic marginal zone lymphoma, and nodal marginal zone lymphoma.

#### IV. Dosage and Administration

Indication	Dosing Regimen	Maximum Dose
MCL and MZL	560 mg PO QD	560 mg/day
CLL/SLL, WM, and cGVHD	420 mg PO QD	420 mg/day

#### V. Product Availability

- Capsules: 70 mg, 140 mg
- Tablets: 140 mg, 280 mg, 420 mg, 560 mg

#### Coding Implications

Codes referenced in this clinical policy are for informational purposes only. Inclusion or exclusion of any codes does not guarantee coverage. Providers should reference the most up-to-date sources of professional coding guidance prior to the submission of claims for reimbursement of covered services.

HCPCS Codes	Description
N/A	

Reviews, Revisions, and Approvals	Date	Approval Date
Off-label NCCN compendium-supported uses were added, tablet formulations were added, age requirement was added for FDA-labeled indications, specialist requirement was added for all indications; For commercial: added off-label use of ibrutinib pretreatment for MCL per NCCN guidelines; For Medicaid, removed age requirement for pretreatment use of ibrutinib for MCL per NCCN guidelines; references reviewed and updated.		
1Q 2019 annual review: for CLL/SLL, added requirement for single agent use per updated NCCN guidelines since combo use is category 2B; for FL, revised requirement of trial and failure to one prior therapy instead of two per updated NCCN guidelines; for CNS lymphoma, added hematologist prescriber option; consolidated criteria for NCCN compendium off-label uses; references reviewed and updated.	01/19	

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