

Prior Authorization Review Panel

CHC-MCO Policy Submission

A separate copy of this form must accompany each policy submitted for review. Policies submitted without this form will not be considered for review.

Plan: PA Health & Wellness	Submission Date: 02/01/2022	
Policy Number: PA.CP.PHAR.361	Effective Date: 01/01/2018 Revision Date: 01/2022	
Policy Name: Tisagenlecleucel (Kymriah)		
Type of Submission – Check all that apply:		
☐ New Policy ✓ Revised Policy*		
☐ Annual Review - No Revisions		
Statewide PDL - Select this box when submitting polic and when submitting policies for drug classes included		
*All revisions to the policy <u>must</u> be highlighted using track of	changes throughout the document.	
Please provide any changes or clarifying information for the	policy below:	
1Q 2022 annual review: to align with other CAR-T policies, added requirement that member has not previously received CAR-T therapy and Kymriah is not prescribed concurrently with other CAR-T therapy; for ALL clarified that hematopoietic stem cell transplantation should more specifically refer to allogeneic stem cell transplantation; references reviewed and updated.		
Name of Authorized Individual (Please type or print):	Signature of Authorized Individual:	
Venkateswara R. Davuluri, MD	C - Raulum	



Clinical Policy: Tisagenlecleucel (Kymriah)

Reference Number: PA.CP.PHAR.361

Effective Date: 09.26.2017 Last Review Date: 01.2022

Revision Log

Description

Tisagenlecleucel (KymriahTM) is a CD19-directed, genetically modified, autologous T-cell immunotherapy.

FDA Approved Indication(s)

Kymriah is indicated for the treatment of:

- Patients up to 25 years of age with B-cell precursor acute lymphoblastic leukemia (ALL) that is refractory or in second or later relapse
- Adult patients with relapsed or refractory large B-cell lymphoma (LBCL) after two or more lines of systemic therapy including diffuse large B-cell lymphoma (DLBCL) not otherwise specified, high grade B-cell lymphoma and DLBCL arising from follicular lymphoma

Limitation(s) of use: Kymriah is not indicated for treatment of patients with primary central nervous system lymphoma.*

Policy/Criteria

Provider <u>must</u> submit documentation (which may include office chart notes and lab results) supporting that member has met all approval criteria

It is the policy of health plans affiliated with PA Health & Wellness that Kymriah **medically necessary** when the following criteria are met:

I. Initial Approval Criteria

- A. Acute Lymphoblastic Leukemia (must meet all):
 - 1. Diagnosis of B-cell precursor ALL;
 - 2. Age ≤ 25 ;
 - 3. Prescribed by or in consultation with an oncologist or hematologist;
 - 4. Documentation of CD19 tumor expression;
 - 5. Recent (within the last 30 days) documentation of one of the following (a or b):
 - a. Absolute lymphocyte count (ALC) $\geq 500/\mu L$;
 - b. CD3 (T-cells) cell count of $\geq 150/\mu L$ if ALC $< 500/\mu L$;
 - 6. Request meets one of the following (a, b, c, or d):
 - a. Disease is refractory, defined as failure to achieve a complete response following induction therapy with ≥ 2 cycles of standard chemotherapy regimen (primary

^{*}Efficacy of Kymriah for the treatment of LBCL has not been established in patients with active CNS disease (see Appendix D)

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- refractory) or after 1 cycle of standard chemotherapy for relapsed leukemia (chemorefractory);
- b. Member has had ≥ 2 relapses;
- c. Disease is Philadelphia chromosome positive: Failure of 2 lines of chemotherapy that included 2 tyrosine kinase inhibitors (e.g., imatinib, Sprycel[®], Tasigna[®], Bosulif[®], Iclusig[®]) at up to maximally indicated doses, unless clinically significant adverse effects are experienced or all are contraindicated; *Prior authorization may be required for tyrosine kinase inhibitors
- d. Member has relapsed following allogeneic stem cell transplantation (SCT) and must be ≥ 6 months from SCT at the time of Kymriah infusion;
- 7. Member has not previously received treatment with CAR T-cell immunotherapy (e.g., Abecma[®], Breyanzi[™], Tecartus[®], Yescarta[™]);
- 8. Kymriah is not prescribed concurrently with other CAR T-cell immunotherapy (e.g., Abecma, Breyanzi, Tecartus, Yescarta);
- 9. Dose does not exceed (a or b):
 - a. Weight ≤ 50 kg: 5.0×10^6 chimeric antigen receptor (CAR)-positive viable T cells per kg of body weight;
 - b. Weight $> 50 \text{ kg: } 2.5 \text{ x } 10^8 \text{ CAR-positive viable T cells.}$

Approval duration: 3 months (1 dose only, with 4 doses of tocilizumab (Actemra) at up to 800 mg per dose)

B. Large B-Cell Lymphoma (must meet all):

- 1. Diagnosis of one of the following LBCL (a-g):
 - a. DLBCL;
 - b. Primary Mediastinal Large B Cell Lymphoma (PMBCL);
 - c. Transformed Follicular Lymphoma (TFL) to DLBCL;
 - d. Transformed Nodal Marginal Zone lymphoma (MZL) to DLBCL;
 - e. High-grade B-cell lymphomas with translocations of MYC and BCL2 and/or BCL6 (double/triple hit lymphoma) or high-grade B-cell lymphomas, not otherwise specified;
 - f. Monomorphic post-transplant lymphoproliferative disorders (B-cell type);
 - g. AIDS-Related B-Cell Lymphomas;
- 2. Prescribed by or in consultation with an oncologist or hematologist;
- 3. Age > 18 years;
- 4. Recent (within the last 30 days) ALC $\geq 300/\mu L$;
- 5. Disease is refractory or member has relapsed after ≥ 2 lines of systemic therapy that includes Rituxan[®] and one anthracycline-containing regimen (e.g., doxorubicin); *Prior authorization may be required for Rituxan
- 6. Member does not have active or primary CNS disease
- 7. Member has not previously received treatment with CAR T-cell immunotherapy (e.g., Abecma, Breyanzi, Tecartus, Yescarta);
- 8. Kymriah is not prescribed concurrently with other CAR T-cell immunotherapy (e.g., Abecma, Brevanzi, Tecartus, Yescarta);
- 9. Dose does not exceed 6.0 x 10⁸ CAR-positive viable T cells.

Approval duration: 3 months (1 dose only, with 4 doses of tocilizumab (Actemra) at up to 800 mg per dose)

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C. Other diagnoses/indications

1. Refer to PA.CP.PMN.53 if diagnosis is NOT specifically listed under section III (Diagnoses/Indications for which coverage is NOT authorized).

II. Continued Therapy

A. All Indications in Section I

Continued therapy will not be authorized as Kymriah is indicated to be dosed one time only.

B. Other diagnoses/indications (must meet 1 or 2):

1. Refer to PA.CP.PMN.53 if diagnosis is NOT specifically listed under section III (Diagnoses/Indications for which coverage is NOT authorized).

III. Diagnoses/Indications for which coverage is NOT authorized:

A. Non-FDA approved indications, which are not addressed in this policy, unless there is sufficient documentation of efficacy and safety according to the off label use policy – PA.CP.PMN.53 or evidence of coverage documents.

IV. Appendices/General Information

Appendix A: Abbreviation/Acronym Key

ALC: absolute lymphocyte count FDA: Food and Drug Administration

ALL: acute lymphoblastic leukemia FL: follicular lymphoma

CAR: chimeric antigen receptor LBCL: large B-cell lymphoma

CML: chronic myelogenous leukemia Ph+: Philadelphia chromosome positive

CNS: central nervous system SCT: stem cell transplantation

DLBCL: diffuse large B-cell lymphoma

Appendix B: Therapeutic Alternatives

This table provides a listing of preferred alternative therapy recommended in the approval criteria. The drugs listed here may not be a formulary agent for all relevant lines of business and may require prior authorization.

Drug Name	Dosing Regimen	Dose Limit/ Maximum Dose
Acute Lymphoblastic Leukemia		
imatinib mesylate (Gleevec®)	Adults with Ph+ ALL: 600	Adults: 800 mg/day
	mg/day	Pediatrics: 600 mg/day
	Pediatrics with Ph+ ALL:	
	$340 \text{ mg/m}^2/\text{day}$	
Sprycel® (dasatinib)	Ph+ ALL: 140 mg per day	180 mg/day
Iclusig® (ponatinib)	Ph+ ALL: 45 mg per day	45 mg/day
Tasigna® (nilotinib)	Resistant or intolerant Ph+	800 mg/day
	CML-CP and CML-AP:	
	400 mg twice per day	
Bosulif [®] (bosutinib)	Ph+ CML: 500 mg per day	600 mg/day
Various combination regimens	Ph- ALL: varies	Varies
that may include the following:		



Drug Name	Dosing Regimen	Dose Limit/
		Maximum Dose
daunorubicin, doxorubicin,		
vincristine, dexamethasone,		
prednisone, pegaspargase,		
nelarabine, methotrexate,		
cyclophosphamide, cytarabine,		
rituximab, 6-mercaptopurine		
Large B-Cell Lymphoma		
First-Line Treatment Regimens		
RCHOP (Rituxan® (rituximab),	Varies	Varies
cyclophosphamide, doxorubicin,		
vincristine, prednisone)		
RCEPP (Rituxan® (rituximab),	Varies	Varies
cyclophosphamide, etoposide,		
prednisone, procarbazine)		
RCDOP (Rituxan® (rituximab),	Varies	Varies
cyclophosphamide, liposomal		
doxorubicin, vincristine,		
prednisone)		
DA-EPOCH (etoposide,	Varies	Varies
prednisone, vincristine,		
cyclophosphamide, doxorubicine)		
+ Rituxan® (rituximab)		
RCEOP (Rituxan (rituximab),	Varies	Varies
cyclophosphamide, etoposide,		
vincristine, prednisone)		
RGCVP (Rituxan® (rituximab),	Varies	Varies
gemcitabine, cyclophosphamide,		
vincristine, prednisone)		
Second-Line Treatment Regimens		
Bendeka® (bendamustine) ±	Varies	Varies
Rituxan® (rituximab)		
CEPP (cyclophosphamide,	Varies	Varies
etoposide, prednisone,		
procarbazine) ± Rituxan®		
(rituximab)		
CEOP (cyclophosphamide,	Varies	Varies
etoposide, vincristine,		
prednisone) ± Rituxan®		
(rituximab)		
DA-EPOCH ± Rituxan®	Varies	Varies
(rituximab)		



Drug Name	Dosing Regimen	Dose Limit/ Maximum Dose
GDP (gemcitabine,	Varies	Varies
dexamethasone, cisplatin) ±		
Rituxan® (rituximab)		
gemcitabine, dexamethasone,	Varies	Varies
carboplatin ± Rituxan®		
(rituximab)		
GemOx (gemcitabine,	Varies	Varies
oxaliplatin) ± Rituxan®		
(rituximab)	T7 ·	77.
gemcitabine, vinorelbine ±	Varies	Varies
Rituxan® (rituximab) lenalidomide ± Rituxan®	77 .	77 .
	Varies	Varies
(rituximab)	Varies	Varian
Rituxan (rituximab)		Varies
DHAP (dexamethasone, cisplatin,	Varies	Varies
cytarabine) ± Rituxan® (rituximab)		
DHAX (dexamethasone,	Varies	Varies
cytarabine, oxaliplatin) ±	varies	varies
Rituxan® (rituximab)		
ESHAP (etoposide,	Varies	Varies
methylprednisolone, cytarabine,	varies	varies
cisplatin) ± Rituxan [®] (rituximab)		
ICE (ifosfamide, carboplatin,	Varies	Varies
etoposide) ± Rituxan [®] (rituximab)	, 41100	v arros
MINE (mesna, ifosfamide,	Varies	Varies
mitoxantrone, etoposide) ±		
Rituxan® (rituximab)		

Therapeutic alternatives are listed as Brand name[®] (generic) when the drug is available by brand name only and generic (Brand name[®]) when the drug is available by both brand and generic.

Appendix C: Contraindications/Boxed Warnings

- Contraindication(s): none reported
- Boxed warning(s): cytokine release syndrome (CRS), neurological toxicities

Appendix D: General Information

- Refractory ALL is defined as complete remission not achieved after 2 cycles of standard chemotherapy or 1 cycle of standard chemotherapy due to relapsed leukemia.²
- CRS, including fatal or life-threatening reactions, occurred in patients receiving Kymriah. Do not administer Kymriah to patients with active infection or inflammatory disorders. Treat severe or life-threatening CRS with tocilizumab or tocilizumab and corticosteroids.

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- Neurological toxicities, which may be severe or life-threatening, can occur following treatment with Kymriah, including concurrently with CRS. Monitor for neurological events after treatment with Kymriah. Provide supportive care as needed.
- Kymriah is available only through a restricted program under a Risk Evaluation and Mitigation Strategy (REMS) called the Kymriah REMS.
- Novartis, the manufacturer of Kymriah, recommends that patients with ALL have an ALC $\geq 500/\mu$ L for leukapheresis collection. Patients with an ALC $< 500/\mu$ L during leukapheresis screening should have had a CD3 (T-cells) cell count of $\geq 150/\mu$ L to be eligible for leukapheresis collection.
- The JULIET trial in patients with DLBCL excluded patients with an ALC <300/μL.
- Patients with active CNS disease were excluded in the B2202 trial for ALL and the JULIET trial for DLBCL. NCCN treatment guidelines for ALL state that CNS-directed therapy may include cranial irradiation, itrathecal chemotherapy (e.g., methotrexate, cytarabine, corticosteroids), and/or systemic chemotherapy (e.g., high-dose methotrexate, intermediate or high-dose cytarabine, pegaspargase). For primary DLBCL of the CNS (i.e., primary CNS lymphoma), NCCN treatment guidelines for CNS cancers recommend a high-dose methotrexate induction based regimen or other systemic therapy regimen if patient is unsuitable for or intolerant to high-dose methotrexate. If a complete response is achieved, or complete response unconfirmed, continue with consolidation therapy with high-dose chemotherapy with stem cell rescue, high-dose cytarabine with or without etoposide, low dose whole brain radiation therapy, or continuation with monthly high-dose methotrexate-based regimen. Alternatively, whole brain radiation therapy is recommended if patient is not a candidate for systemic chemotherapy.
- NCCN Pediatric ALL Version 2.2021 treatment guidelines state that Kymriah can be
 used in relapsed disease that includes medullary and/or extramedullary disease as CAR-T
 cells have shown activity against extramedullary disease. NCCN defines extramedullary
 as disease involving the CNS or testes.
- Frigault et al. 2019 reported on their institutional experience with 8 secondary CNS lymphoma patients treated with Kymriah. The best response assessed 28 days post-Kymriah infusion in these patients included complete responses (n = 2) and partial response (n = 2). Additionally, two patients died within 30 days of Kymriah infusion, the remaining two patients experienced disease progression. All patients were receiving CNS-directed therapy for refractory disease up until lymphodepletion.
- Enrollment in the JULIET trial in patients with DLBCL did not require CD19 positive tumor expression. In a subgroup analysis the best overall response rate was comparable between patients with unequivocal CD19 expression (49%, 95% CI 34 to 64, n = 49) and patients with low or negative CD19 expression (50%, 95% CI 29 to 71, n = 24).

V. Dosage and Administration

Indication	Dosing Regimen	Maximum Dose
ALL	\leq 50 kg: 0.2 to 5.0 x 10 ⁶ CAR-	\leq 50 kg: 5.0 x 10 ⁶ CAR-positive
	positive viable T cells per kg of body	viable T cells per kg of body weight
	weight IV	$>$ 50 kg: 2.5 x 10^8 CAR-positive
	> 50 kg: 0.1 to 2.5 x 10^8 CAR-	viable T cells
	positive viable T cells IV	



LBCL	0.6 to 6.0 x 10 ⁸ CAR-positive viable	6.0 x 10 ⁸ CAR-positive viable T-cells
	T cells IV	

^{*}Kymriah should be administered at a certified healthcare facility

VI. Product Availability

Single-dose unit infusion bag: frozen suspension of genetically modified autologous T cells labeled for the specific recipient

VII. References

- 1. Kymriah Prescribing Information. East Hanover, NJ: Novartis Pharmaceuticals Corporation; August 2021. Available at: https://www.us.kymriah.com/. Accessed October 18, 2021.
- 2. Data on File. Novartis Pharmaceuticals Corporation; East Hanover, NJ. November 2020.
- 3. National Comprehensive Cancer Network. Acute Lymphoblastic Leukemia Version 2.2021. Available at https://www.nccn.org/professionals/physician_gls/pdf/all.pdf. Accessed October 18, 2021.
- 4. National Comprehensive Cancer Network. Pediatric Acute Lymphoblastic Leukemia Version 1.2022. Available at: https://www.nccn.org/professionals/physician_gls/pdf/ped_all.pdf. Accessed October 18, 2021.
- 5. National Comprehensive Cancer Network Drug and Biologics Compendium. Available at http://www.nccn.org/professionals/drug compendium. Accessed October 18, 2021.
- 6. National Comprehensive Cancer Network. B-Cell Lymphomas Version 5.2021. Available at: https://www.nccn.org/professionals/physician_gls/pdf/b-cell.pdf. Accessed October 18, 2021.
- 7. National Comprehensive Cancer Network. Central Nervous System Cancers Version 2.2021. Available at: https://www.nccn.org/professionals/physician_gls/pdf/cns.pdf. Accessed October 18, 2021.
- 8. Schuster SJ, Bishop MR, Tam CS, et al. Tisagenlecleucel in adult relapsed or refractor difuse large B-cell lymphoma. N Engl J Med 2019; 380(1): 45-56.
- 9. Frigault MJ, Dietrich J, Martinez-Lage M, et al. Tisagenlecleucel CAR T-cell therapy in secondary CNS lymphoma. Blood. 2019; 134(11): 860-866.
- 10. Schuster SJ, Dickinson MJ, Dreyling M, et al. Efficacy and safety of tisagenlecleucel (tisacel) in adult patients (Pts) with relapsed/refractory follicular lymphoma (r/r FL): Primary analysis of the phase 2 Elara trial. Oral abstract #7508. 2021 American Society of Clinical Oncology (ASCO) Annual Meeting; Jun 7, 2021; Virtual.

Coding Implications

Codes referenced in this clinical policy are for informational purposes only. Inclusion or exclusion of any codes does not guarantee coverage. Providers should reference the most up-to-date sources of professional coding guidance prior to the submission of claims for reimbursement of covered services.

HCPCS Codes	Description
Q2040	Tisagenlecleucel, up to 250 million car-positive viable t cells, including
	leukapheresis and dose preparation procedures, per infusion



HCPCS	Description	
Codes		
Q2042	Tisagenlecleucel, up to 600 million car-positive viable t cells, including	
	leukapheresis and dose preparation procedures, per therapeutic dose	

Reviews, Revisions, and Approvals	Date	P&T Approval Date
1Q 2019 annual review: added minimum ALC requirement per manufacturer and clinical trial exclusion criteria; added criteria for LBCL; added hematologist prescriber option; references reviewed and updated.	01/19	
2Q 2019: LBCL: Removed requirement for CD19 tumor expression.	04/19	
1Q 2020 annual review: Appendix D was updated to include information related to CNS disease; added requirement in Section IA and IB to confirm "Member does not have active or primary central nervous system (CNS) disease"; ALL: per NCCN treatment guidelines and clinical trial inclusion criteria modified previous therapy requirement to require one of the following (a, b, or c): a) Disease is refractory or member has had ≥ 2 relapses; b) Disease is Philadelphia chromosome positive: failure of 2 lines of chemotherapy that included 2 tyrosine kinase inhibitors; c) Member has relapsed following HSCT and must be ≥ 6 months from HSCT at the time of Kymriah infusion; updated therapeutic alternatives to include regimens for Ph-negative ALL; added HCPCS codes; references reviewed and updated.	01/2020	
1Q 2021 annual review: clarified acceptable types of LBCL diagnoses per FDA indication and NCCN compendium; for ALL removed exclusion for active CNS disease per NCCN support for use in extramedullary disease; references reviewed and updated.	01/2021	
1Q 2022 annual review: to align with other CAR-T policies, added requirement that member has not previously received CAR-T therapy and Kymriah is not prescribed concurrently with other CAR-T therapy; for ALL clarified that hematopoietic stem cell transplantation should more specifically refer to allogeneic stem cell transplantation; references reviewed and updated.	01/2022	