

Prior Authorization Review Panel

CHC-MCO Policy Submission

A separate copy of this form must accompany each policy submitted for review. Policies submitted without this form will not be considered for review.

Plan: PA Health & Wellness	Submission Date: 02/01/2022		
Policy Number: PA.CP.PHAR.70	Effective Date: 01/2018 Revision Date: 01/2022		
Policy Name: Ivabradine (Corlanor)	Revision Date: 01/2022		
Type of Submission – <u>Check all that apply</u> :			
 □ New Policy ✓ Revised Policy* 			
Annual Review - No Revisions			
Statewide PDL - Select this box when submitting policies for Statewide PDL implementation and when submitting policies for drug classes included on the Statewide PDL.			
*All revisions to the policy <u>must</u> be highlighted using track changes throughout the document.			
Please provide any changes or clarifying information for the policy below:			
1Q 2022 annual review: references reviewed and updated.			
Name of Authorized Individual (Please type or print):	Signature of Authorized Individual:		
Venkateswara R. Davuluri, MD	- Raulun		



Coding Implications

Revision Log

Clinical Policy: Ivabradine (Corlanor)

Reference Number: PA.CP.PMN.70 Effective Date: 01/18 Last Review Date: 01/20224

Description

Ivabradine (Corlanor[®]) is a hyperpolarization-activated cyclic nucleotide-gated channel blocker.

FDA approved indication(s)

Corlanor is indicated:

- To reduce the risk of hospitalization for worsening heart failure in patients with stable, symptomatic chronic heart failure with left ventricular ejection fraction $\leq 35\%$, who are in sinus rhythm with resting heart rate ≥ 70 beats per minute and either are on maximally tolerated doses of beta-blockers or have a contraindication to beta-blocker use;
- For the treatment of stable symptomatic heart failure due to dilated cardiomyopathy (DCM) in pediatric patients aged 6 months and older, who are in sinus rhythm with an elevated heart rate.

Policy/Criteria

* *Provider* <u>must</u> submit documentation (including office chart notes and lab results) supporting that member has met all approval criteria*

It is the policy of health plans affiliated with Pennsylvania Health and Wellness[®] that Corlanor is **medically necessary** when the following criteria are met:

I. Initial Approval Criteria

- A. Heart Failure (must meet all):
 - 1. Diagnosis of chronic heart failure;
 - 2. Prescribed by or in consultation with a cardiologist;
 - 3. Age \geq 6 months;
 - 4. $LVEF \le 35\%$ for adults or $\le 45\%$ for pediatrics;
 - 5. Member is in sinus rhythm with a resting heart rate of one of the following (a, b, c, or d):
 - a. Age 6 to 12 months: \geq 105 beats per minute;
 - b. Age 1 to 3 years: \geq 95 beats per minute;
 - c. Age 3 to 5 years: \geq 75 beats per minute;
 - d. Age 5 years and older: \geq 70 beats per minute;
 - Failure of two of the following beta-blockers recommended for heart failure at up to maximally indicated doses, each used for ≥ 30 days, unless clinically significant adverse effects are experienced or all are contraindicated: bisoprolol, carvedilol (immediate- or extended-release), extended-release metoprolol succinate;
 - 7. Member has used one of the aforementioned beta blockers for ≥ 30 days within the past 60 days, unless clinically significant adverse effects are experienced or all are contraindicated;
 - 8. Request does not exceed 15 mg (2 tablets or 15 mL) per day.

Approval duration: Length of Benefit

CLINICAL POLICY Ivabradine



B. Other diagnoses/indications – Refer to PA.CP.PMN.53 if diagnosis is NOT specifically listed under section III (Diagnoses/Indications for which coverage is NOT authorized)

II. Continued Therapy

- A. Heart Failure (must meet all):
 - 1. Currently receiving medication via Pennsylvania Health and Wellness benefit, or documentation supports that member is currently receiving Corlanor for heart failure, has received this medication for at least 30 days, and is responding positively to therapy or Continuity of Care Policy (PA.LTSS.PHAR.01) applies;
 - 2. Member is responding positively to therapy;
 - 3. If request is for a dose increase, new dose does not exceed 15 mg (2 tablets of 15 mL) per day.

Approval duration: 12 months

B. Other diagnoses/indications (must meet 1 or 2):

1. Currently receiving medication via Pennsylvania Health and Wellness benefit and documentation supports positive response to therapy or Continuity of Care Policy (PA.LTSS.PHAR.01) applies;

Approval duration: Length of Benefit

- or
- 2. Refer to PA.CP.PMN.53 if requested indication is NOT listed under section III (Diagnoses/Indications for which coverage is NOT authorized)

III. Diagnoses/Indications for which coverage is NOT authorized:

A. Non-FDA approved indications, which are not addressed in this policy, unless there is sufficient documentation of efficacy and safety according to the off-label use policy – PA.CP.PMN.53 or evidence of coverage documents

IV. Appendices/General Information

Appendix A: Abbreviation/Acronym Key DCM: dilated cardiomyopathy FDA: Food and Drug Administration LVEF: left ventricular ejection fraction

Appendix B: Therapeutic Alternatives

This table provides a listing of preferred alternative therapy recommended in the approval criteria. The drugs listed here may not be a formulary agent for all relevant lines of business and may require prior authorization.

Drug Name	Dosing Regimen	Dose Limit/ Maximum Dose
Beta-Blockers Recommended for Heart Failure		
bisoprolol (Zebeta [®])	Heart Failure [†] Initially, 1.25 mg PO QD for 48 hours, then 2.5 mg QD for the first month, then 5 mg QD.	10 mg/day



Drug Name	Dosing Regimen	Dose Limit/ Maximum Dose
carvedilol (Coreg [®] ,	Heart Failure	Immediate-release:
Coreg $CR^{\mathbb{R}}$)	Immediate-release: Initially, 3.125 mg PO	100 mg/day
	BID for 2 weeks. Dosage may be	
	subsequently increased to 6.25, 12.5, and	Extended-release:
	then 25 mg PO BID over successive intervals	80 mg/day
	of at least 2 weeks.	
	Extended-release: Initially, 10 mg PO QD	
	for 2 weeks. Dosage may be subsequently	
	increased to 20, 40, and then 80 mg PO QD	
	over successive intervals of at least 2 weeks.	
metoprolol succinate	Heart Failure	200 mg/day
extended release	25 mg PO QD for 2 weeks in patients with	
(Toprol $XL^{\mathbb{R}}$)	NYHA class II heart failure, or 12.5 mg PO	
	QD in patients with more severe heart	
	failure. Double the dose every 2 weeks as	
	tolerated, up to the target dosage of 200 mg	
	PO QD.	

Therapeutic alternatives are listed as Brand name[®] (generic) when the drug is available by brand name only and generic (Brand name[®]) when the drug is available by both brand and generic. $\dagger Off$ -label indication

Appendix C: Contraindications/Boxed Warnings

- Contraindication(s):
 - o Acute decompensated heart failure
 - Clinically significant hypotension
 - Sick sinus syndrome, sinoatrial block, or 3rd degree AV block, unless a functioning demand pacemaker is present
 - o Clinically significant bradycardia
 - Severe hepatic impairment
 - Pacemaker dependence (heart rate maintained exclusively by the pacemaker)
 - Concomitant use of strong cytochrome P450 3A4 (CYP3A4) inhibitors
- Boxed warning(s): none reported

V. Dosage and Administration

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Indication	Dosing Regimen	Maximum Dose
Heart failure	Adult and pediatric patients \geq 40 kg: Initially 2.5 mg (pediatrics and vulnerable adults) or 5 mg PO BID. After 2 weeks of treatment, adjust dose based on heart rate. The maximum dose is 7.5 mg BID.	15 mg/day



Indication	Dosing Regimen	Maximum Dose
	Pediatric patients < 40 kg: Initially 0.05 mg/kg PO BID. Adjust dose at 2-week intervals by 0.05 mg/kg	
	based on heart rate.	

VI. Product Availability

Tablets: 5 mg, 7.5 mg Oral solution: 5 mg/5 mL

IV. References

- Corlanor Prescribing Information. Thousand Oaks, CA: Amgen Inc.; <u>April 2019August</u> <u>2021</u>. Available at: <u>https://www.corlanor.com</u>. Accessed <u>October 16, 2020Se3ptember 21,</u> <u>2021</u>.
- Yancy CW, Jessup M, Bozkurt B, Butler J, et al. American College of Cardiology Foundation/American Heart Association Task Force on Practice Guidelines. 2013 ACCF/AHA guideline for the management of heart failure: a report of the American College of Cardiology Foundation/American Heart Association Task Force on practice guidelines. *Circulation*. 2013 Oct 15;128(16):e240-327.
- 3. Yancy CW, Jessup M, Bozkurt B, et al. 2016 ACC/AHA/HFSA focused update on new pharmacological therapy for heart failure: an update of the 2013 ACCF/AHA guideline for the management of heart failure: a report of the American College of Cardiology Foundation/American Heart Association Task Force on Clinical Practice Guidelines and the Heart Failure Society of America. *Circulation*. 2016;134: 000-000.
- 4. Yancy CW, Jessup M, Bozkurt B, et al. 2017 ACC/AHA/HFSA focused update of the 2013 ACCF/AHA guideline for the management of heart failure: a report of the American College of Cardiology/American Heart Association Task Force on Clinical Practice Guidelines and the Heart Failure Society of America. *Circulation*. 2017;136:e137-e161.
- 5. Clinical Pharmacology [database online]. Tampa, FL: Gold Standard, Inc.; 2019. Available at: http://www.clinicalpharmacology-ip.com/

Reviews, Revisions, and Approvals	Date	Approval Date
Added age restriction and DDI contraindication as the interactions are	03.04.1	
severe per PI/safety approach; Modified max dose requirement to	8	
include specific quantity limit. Updated references.		
1Q 2019 annual review: references reviewed and updated.	01.19	
Aligned initiation approval duration and continued approval duration.	05/19	
1Q 2020 annual review: added recently FDA-approved pediatric	01/2020	
indication extension references reviewed and updated.		
1Q 2021 annual review: no significant changes; references reviewed	01/2021	
and updated.		
1Q 2021 annual review: references reviewed and updated.	01/2022	