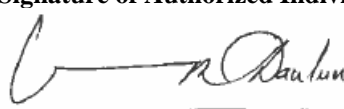


## Prior Authorization Review Panel

### CHC-MCO Policy Submission

A separate copy of this form must accompany each policy submitted for review.  
Policies submitted without this form will not be considered for review.

<b>Plan: PA Health &amp; Wellness</b>	<b>Submission Date: 08/01/2021</b>
<b>Policy Number: PA.CP.PHAR.416</b>	<b>Effective Date: 04/2019</b> <b>Revision Date: 04/2021</b>
<b>Policy Name: Caplacizumab-yhdp (Cablivi)</b>	
<p><b>Type of Submission – <u>Check all that apply</u>:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><input type="checkbox"/> New Policy</li> <li><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Revised Policy*</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Annual Review - No Revisions</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Statewide PDL - <i>Select this box when submitting policies for Statewide PDL implementation and when submitting policies for drug classes included on the Statewide PDL.</i></li> </ul>	
<p><b>*All revisions to the policy <u>must</u> be highlighted using track changes throughout the document.</b></p> <p><b>Please provide any changes or clarifying information for the policy below:</b></p> <p>2Q 2021 annual review: no significant changes; references reviewed and updated.</p>	
<b>Name of Authorized Individual (Please type or print):</b>  Venkateswara R. Davuluri, MD	<b>Signature of Authorized Individual:</b>  

## Clinical Policy: Caplacizumab-yhdp (Cablivi)

Reference Number: PA.CP.PHAR.416

Effective Date: 4.17.19

Last Review Date: 04/2021

[Revision Log](#)

### Description

Caplacizumab-yhdp (Cablivi®) is a von Willebrand factor (vWF)-directed antibody fragment.

### FDA Approved Indication(s)

Cablivi is indicated for the treatment of adult patients with acquired thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura (aTTP), in combination with plasma exchange and immunosuppressive therapy.

### Policy/Criteria

*Provider must submit documentation (such as office chart notes, lab results or other clinical information) supporting that member has met all approval criteria.*

It is the policy of health plans affiliated with PA Health & Wellness® that Cablivi is **medically necessary** when the following criteria are met:

#### I. Initial Approval Criteria

##### A. Acquired Thrombotic Thrombocytopenic Purpura (must meet all):

1. Diagnosis of aTTP confirmed with a PLASMIC score of 6 to 7 (*see Appendix D*);
2. Prescribed by or in consultation with a hematologist;
3. Age  $\geq$  18 years;
4. Prescribed in combination with plasma exchange therapy;
5. Prescribed in combination with immunosuppressive therapy (i.e., glucocorticoids, rituximab);  
*\*Prior authorization is required for rituximab*
6. Dose does not exceed (a and b) (*see Section V*):
  - a. Loading dose on Day 1: 11mg pre-plasma exchange and 11mg post-plasma exchange (22 mg total);
  - b. Maintenance: 11 mg per day.

**Approval duration: 30 days**

##### B. Other diagnoses/indications

1. Refer to the off-label use policy for the relevant line of business if diagnosis is NOT specifically listed under section III (Diagnoses/Indications for which coverage is NOT authorized): PA.CP.PMN.53 for Medicaid.

#### II. Continued Therapy

##### A. Acquired Thrombotic Thrombocytopenic Purpura (must meet all):

1. Currently receiving medication via Pennsylvania Health and Wellness benefit or member has previously met all initial approval criteria or the Continuity of Care policy (PA.LTSS.PHAR.01) applies;;
2. Member meets one of the following (a or b):
  - a. If request is for a new treatment cycle, member has experienced no more than two recurrences (*see Appendix D*) while taking Cablivi, and Cablivi is prescribed in

- combination with plasma exchange and immunosuppressive therapy (i.e., glucocorticoids, rituximab);
- b. If request is for treatment extension, member is responding positively to therapy as evidenced by, including but not limited to, improvement in any of the following parameters: increase in platelet counts, reduction in neurological symptoms, or improvements in organ-damage markers (lactate dehydrogenase, cardiac troponin I, and serum creatinine);
- 3. Member has received no more than 58 days of Cablivi therapy after completion of plasma exchange therapy;
- 4. Dose does not exceed the following:
  - c. For new treatment cycle: loading dose of 22 mg on day 1, followed by maintenance dose of 11 mg per day;
  - d. For treatment extension: 11 mg per day.

**Approval duration: up to a total duration of 58 days post plasma-exchange**

**B. Other diagnoses/indications (must meet 1 or 2):**

- 1. Currently receiving medication via PA Health & Wellness benefit and documentation supports positive response to therapy or the Continuity of Care policy (PA.LTSS.PHAR.01) applies.

**Approval duration: Duration of request or 6 months (whichever is less); or**

- 2. Refer to the off-label use policy for the relevant line of business if diagnosis is NOT specifically listed under section III (Diagnoses/Indications for which coverage is NOT authorized): PA.CP.PMN.53 for Medicaid.

**III. Diagnoses/Indications for which coverage is NOT authorized:**

- A. Non-FDA approved indications, which are not addressed in this policy, unless there is sufficient documentation of efficacy and safety according to the off label use policy – PA.CP.PMN.53 for Medicaid or evidence of coverage documents.

**IV. Appendices/General Information**

*Appendix A: Abbreviation/Acronym Key*

aTTP: acquired thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura	FFP: fresh frozen plasma
FDA: Food and Drug Administration	PEX: plasma exchange
	vWF: von Willebrand factor

*Appendix B: Therapeutic Alternatives*

*This table provides a listing of preferred alternative therapy recommended in the approval criteria. The drugs listed here may not be a formulary agent for all relevant lines of business and may require prior authorization.*

Drug Name	Dosing Regimen	Dose Limit/ Maximum Dose
Plasma Exchange (PEX) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Fresh Frozen Plasma (FFP)</li> <li>• Solvent detergent/viral-inactivated plasma</li> </ul>	1 to 1.5x estimated plasma volume daily until two days after normalization of platelet count ( $\geq 150 \times 10^9/L$ ).	1 to 1.5x estimated plasma volume

Drug Name	Dosing Regimen	Dose Limit/ Maximum Dose
• Cryosupernatant		
methylprednisone (Solu-Medrol®)	1mg/kg/day IV or PO during PEX and continued for 1 week after PEX. Tapered with the goal of being corticosteroid-free by Day 30 after PEX.	1 mg/kg/day
Rituxan® (rituximab)	375mg/m <sup>2</sup> IV once weekly for 4 weeks or a reduced dose of 200 mg once weekly for 4 weeks administered immediately after PEX <sup>4</sup>	375 mg/m <sup>2</sup> once weekly

Therapeutic alternatives are listed as Brand name® (generic) when the drug is available by brand name only and generic (Brand name®) when the drug is available by both brand and generic.

#### Appendix C: Contraindications/Boxed Warnings

- Contraindication(s): Previous severe hypersensitivity reaction to caplacizumab-yhdp or any of the excipients
- Boxed warning(s): None reported

#### Appendix D: General Information

- Discontinue Cablivi if patient experiences more than 2 recurrences of aTTP while on Cablivi.
- Recurrence is defined as a new decrease (while receiving Cablivi) in the platelet count during the 30-day post daily PEX period that necessitates reinitiation of PEX after normalization of platelet count ( $\geq 150,000/\text{microL}$ ) has occurred.
- Refractory disease is TTP that does not respond to initial treatment with PEX and glucocorticoids (e.g., lack of doubling of the platelet count within four days of initiation, occurrence of new neurologic symptoms not attributable to bleeding or infection).
- PLASMIC score for estimating the likelihood of severe ADAMTS13 deficiency in adults with suspected TTP (1 point for each)<sup>5</sup>
  - Platelet count  $< 30,000/\text{microL}$
  - One or more indicators of hemolysis: reticulocyte count  $> 2.5\%$ , haptoglobin undetectable, or indirect bilirubin  $> 2.0 \text{ mg/dL}$  [ $> 34 \text{ mcmol/L}$ ]
  - No active cancer in the preceding year
  - No history of solid organ or hematopoietic stem cell transplant
  - Mean corpuscular volume (MCV)  $< 90 \text{ femtoliters}$
  - International normalized ratio (INR)  $< 1.5$
  - Creatinine  $< 2.0 \text{ mg/dL}$  [ $< 177 \text{ mcmol/L}$ ]

PLASMIC score (points)	Risk of severe ADAMTS13 deficiency
0 to 4	Low Risk
5	Intermediate Risk
6 to 7	High Risk

## V. Dosage and Administration

Indication	Dosing Regimen	Maximum Dose
aTTP	First day of treatment: 11 mg bolus intravenous injection at least 15 minutes prior to plasma exchange followed by an 11	Loading: 22 mg/day

Indication	Dosing Regimen	Maximum Dose
	<p>mg subcutaneous injection after completion of plasma exchange on day 1.</p> <p><u>Subsequent days of treatment during daily plasma exchange:</u> 11 mg subcutaneous injection once daily following plasma exchange.</p> <p><u>Treatment after plasma exchange period:</u> 11 mg subcutaneous injection once daily continuing for 30 days following the last daily plasma exchange. If after initial treatment course, sign(s) of persistent underlying disease such as suppressed ADAMTS13 activity levels remain present, treatment may be extended for a maximum of 28 days.</p>	Maintenance: 11 mg/day

## VI. Product Availability

Single-dose vials for injection: 11 mg/mL

## VII. References

1. Cablivi Prescribing Information. Ghent, Belgium: Ablynx N.V., Inc.; September 2020. Available at: <http://products.sanofi.us/cablivi/cablivi.pdf>. Accessed January 24, 2021.
2. Scully M, Cataland SR, Peyvandi F, et al. Caplacizumab Treatment for Acquired Thrombotic Thrombocytopenic Purpura. N Engl J Med. 2019 Jan 24;380(4):335-346.
3. Scully M, Hunt BJ, Benjamin S, et al. Guidelines on the diagnosis and management of thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura and other thrombotic microangiopathies. British Journal of Haematology. 2012 Aug;158(3):323-35.
4. Zheng XL, Vesely SK, Cataland SR, et al. ISTH guidelines for the diagnosis and treatment of thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura. J Thromb Haemost. 2020 July;18(10):2486-2502.
5. Page EE, Kremer-Hovinga JA, Terrell DR, et al. Rituximab reduces risk for relapse in patients with thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura. Blood. 2016;127(24):3092
6. Bendapudi PK, Hurwitz S, Fry A, et al. Derivation and external validation of the PLASMIC score for rapid assessment of adults with thrombotic microangiopathies: a cohort study. Lancet Haematology. 2017;4(4):e157.

Reviews, Revisions, and Approvals	Date	P&T Approval Date
Policy created.	04.17.19	
2Q 2020 annual review: references reviewed and updated.	04/2020	
2Q 2021 annual review: no significant changes; references reviewed and updated.	04/2021	