

CLINICAL POLICY

Eculizumab, Eculizumab-aeab, Eculizumab-aagh

Clinical Policy: Eculizumab (Soliris), Eculizumab-aeab (Bkemv), Eculizumab-aagh (Epysqli)

Reference Number: PA.CP.PHAR.97

Effective Date: 01/2018

Last Review Date: 01/2026

Description

Eculizumab (Soliris[®]) and its biosimilar, eculizumab-aeab (Bkemv[™]) and eculizumab-aagh (Epysqli[®]), are complement inhibitor.

FDA Approved Indication(s)

Soliris, Bkemv, and Epysqli are indicated for the treatment of:

- Patients with paroxysmal nocturnal hemoglobinuria (PNH) to reduce hemolysis
- Patients with atypical hemolytic uremic syndrome (aHUS) to inhibit complement-mediated thrombotic microangiopathy (TMA)
- Adult patients with generalized myasthenia gravis (gMG) who are anti-acetylcholine receptor (AChR) antibody positive

Soliris is additionally indicated for the treatment of:

- Pediatric patients 6 years of age and older with gMG who are anti-AChR antibody positive
- Adult patients with neuromyelitis optica spectrum disorder (NMOSD) who are anti-aquaporin-4 (AQP4) antibody positive.

Limitation(s) of use: Soliris, Bkemv, and Epysqli are not indicated for the treatment of patients with Shiga toxin *E. coli* related hemolytic uremic syndrome (STEC-HUS).

Policy/Criteria

It is the policy of PA Health & Wellness that Soliris, Bkemv, and Epysqli are **medically necessary** when the following criteria are met:

I. Initial Approval Criteria

A. Paroxysmal Nocturnal Hemoglobinuria (must meet all):

1. Diagnosis of PNH;
2. Prescribed by or in consultation with a hematologist;
3. Age \geq 18 years;
4. Flow cytometry shows detectable glycosylphosphatidylinositol (GPI)-deficient hematopoietic clones or \geq 10% PNH cells;
5. Member meets one of the following (a or b):
 - a. History of \geq 1 red blood cell transfusion in the past 24 months and (i or ii):
 - i. Documentation of hemoglobin $<$ 7 g/dL in members without anemia symptoms;
 - ii. Documentation of hemoglobin $<$ 9 g/dL in members with anemia symptoms;
 - b. History of thrombosis;
6. Failure of Ultomiris[®] at up to maximally indicated doses, unless contraindicated or clinically significant adverse affects are experienced;
7. One of the following:
 - a. Request is for Epysqli;

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- b. Failure of Epysqli;
- c. Member has intolerance or contraindication to Epysqli;
- 8. Soliris/Bkemv/Epysqli is not prescribed concurrently with Empaveli™, Fabhalta®, PiaSky®, Ultomiris®, unless the member is in a 4-week period of cross-titration between Soliris/Bkemv/Epysqli and Empaveli*;
*Provider must submit attestation of the presence or absence of concomitant Empaveli therapy
- 9. Dose does not exceed 600 mg per week for the first 4 weeks, followed by 900 mg for the fifth dose 1 week later, then 900 mg every 2 weeks thereafter.

Approval duration: 6 months

B. Atypical Hemolytic Uremic Syndrome (must meet all):

- 1. Diagnosis of aHUS (i.e., complement-mediated HUS);
 - 2. Prescribed by or in consultation with a hematologist or nephrologist;
 - 3. Age ≥ 2 months;
 - 4. Member has signs of TMA as evidenced by all of the following (a, b, and c):
 - a. Platelet count $\leq 150 \times 10^9/L$;
 - b. Hemolysis such as an elevation in serum lactate dehydrogenase (LDH);
 - c. Serum creatinine above the upper limits of normal or member requires dialysis;
 - 5. Documentation that member does not have either of the following (a or b):
 - a. A disintegrin and metalloproteinase with thrombospondin type 1 motif, member 13 (ADAMTS13) deficiency;
 - b. STEC-HUS;
 - 6. Failure of a 6-month trial of Ultomiris® at up to maximally indicated doses, unless contraindicated or clinically significant adverse affects are experienced;
 - 7. One of the following:
 - a. Request is for Epysqli;
 - b. Failure of Epysqli;
 - c. Member has intolerance or contraindication to Epysqli;
 - 8. Soliris/Bkemv/Epysqli is not prescribed concurrently with Ultomiris®;
 - 9. Dose does not exceed one of the following (a or b):*
 - a. Age ≥ 2 months and < 18 years: the FDA-approved maximum recommended dose (see Section V);
 - b. Age ≥ 18 years: 900 mg per week for the first 4 weeks, followed by 1,200 mg for the fifth dose 1 week later, then 1,200 mg every 2 weeks thereafter.
- *Additional doses of eculizumab may be approved in the setting of concomitant plasmapheresis, plasma exchange, or fresh frozen plasma infusion (see Appendix E).

Approval duration: 6 months

C. Generalized Myasthenia Gravis (must meet all):

- 1. Diagnosis of gMG;
- 2. Prescribed by or in in consultation with a neurologist;
- 3. Age ≥ 6 years;
- 4. Myasthenia Gravis-Activities of Daily Living (MG-ADL) score of 6 or more at baseline;
- 5. Myasthenia Gravis Foundation of America Clinical Classification (MGFA) Class II to IV;
- 6. Member has positive serologic test for anti-AChR antibodies;

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7. Failure of a corticosteroid (*see Appendix B*) unless contraindicated or clinically significant adverse effects are experienced;
8. Failure of a cholinesterase inhibitor (*see Appendix B*) unless contraindicated or clinically significant adverse effects are experienced;
9. Failure of at least one non-steroidal immunosuppressive therapies (*see Appendix B*) unless clinically significant adverse effects are experienced or all are contraindicated;
10. If age ≥ 18 years, failure of Ultomiris[®] at up to maximally indicated doses, unless contraindicated or clinically significant adverse affects are experienced;
11. One of the following, if ≥ 18 years old:
 - a. Request is for Epysqli;
 - b. Failure of Epysqli;
 - c. Member has intolerance or contraindication to Epysqli;
12. Soliris/Bkemv/Epysqli is not prescribed concurrently with Rystiggo[®], Ultomiris, Vyvgart[®], Vyvgart[®] Hytrulo, or Zilbrysq[®];
13. Dose does not exceed one of the following (a or b):*
 - a. Age ≥ 6 years and < 18 years: the FDA-approved maximum recommended dose (*see Section V*);
 - b. Age ≥ 18 years: 900 mg per week for the first 4 weeks, followed by 1,200 mg for the fifth dose 1 week later, then 1,200 mg every 2 weeks thereafter.

*Additional doses of eculizumab may be approved in the setting of concomitant plasmapheresis, plasma exchange, fresh frozen plasma infusion, or intravenous immunoglobulin (IVIg) (*see Appendix E*).

Approval duration: 6 months

D. Neuromyelitis Optica Spectrum Disorder (must meet all):

1. Diagnosis of NMOSD;
2. Prescribed by or in consultation with a neurologist;
3. Age ≥ 18 years;
4. Member has positive serologic test for anti-AQP4 antibodies;
5. Member meets one of the following (a or b):
 - a. History of at least two relapses during the previous 12 months;
 - b. History of three relapses during the previous 24 months, with at least one relapse occurring in the last 12 months;
6. Baseline expanded disability status scale (EDSS) score of ≤ 7 ;
7. Failure of rituximab* (Ruxience and Truxima are preferred) at up to maximally indicated doses, unless contraindicated or clinically significant adverse effects are experienced;
**Prior authorization may be required for rituximab*
8. Failure of Ultomiris[®] at up to maximally indicated doses, unless contraindicated or clinically significant adverse affects are experienced;
9. Soliris/Bkemv/Epysqli is not prescribed concurrently with rituximab, Enspryng[®], Uplizna[®], or Ultomiris;
10. Dose does not exceed 900 mg per week for the first 4 weeks, followed by 1,200 mg for the fifth dose 1 week later, then 1,200 mg every 2 weeks thereafter.
**Additional doses of eculizumab may be approved in the setting of concomitant plasmapheresis, plasma exchange, fresh frozen plasma infusion, or intravenous immunoglobulin (IVIg) (*see Appendix E*).*

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Approval duration: 6 months

E. Other diagnoses/indications: Refer to PA.CP.PMN.53

II. Continued Approval

A. Paroxysmal nocturnal hemoglobinuria and Atypical hemolytic uremic syndrome (must meet all):

1. Currently receiving medication via PA Health & Wellness benefit or member has previously met all initial approval criteria or the Continuity of Care Policy (PA.PHARM.01) applies;
2. Member is responding positively to therapy as evidenced by, including but not limited to, improvement in any of the following parameters (a or b):
 - a. PNH:
 - i. Improved measures of intravascular hemolysis (e.g., normalization of LDH);
 - ii. Reduced need for red blood cell transfusions;
 - iii. Increased or stabilization of hemoglobin levels;
 - iv. Less fatigue;
 - v. Improved health-related quality of life;
 - vi. Fewer thrombotic events;
 - b. aHUS:
 - i. Improved measures of intravascular hemolysis (e.g., normalization of LDH);
 - ii. Increased or stabilized platelet counts;
 - iii. Improved or stabilized serum creatinine or estimated glomerular filtration rate (eGFR);
 - iv. Reduced need for dialysis;
3. Soliris/Bkemv/Epysqli is not prescribed concurrently with (a or b):
 - a. PNH: Empaveli, Fabhalta, PiaSky or Ultomiris;
 - b. aHUS: Ultomiris;
4. If request is for a dose increase, new dose does not exceed (a or b):
 - a. For PNH: 900 mg every 2 weeks;
 - b. For aHUS*: 1,200 mg every 2 weeks.

*Additional doses of eculizumab may be approved in the setting of concomitant plasmapheresis, plasma exchange, fresh frozen plasma infusion, or intravenous immunoglobulin (IVIg) (*see Appendix E*).

Approval duration: 12 months

B. Generalized Myasthenia Gravis (must meet all):

1. Currently receiving medication via PA Health & Wellness benefit or member has previously met all initial approval criteria or the Continuity of Care Policy (PA.PHARM.01) applies;
2. Member is responding positively to therapy as evidenced by a 2-point reduction from baseline in MG-ADL total score;
3. Soliris/Bkemv/Epysqli is not prescribed concurrently with Rystiggo, Ultomiris, Vyvgart, Vyvgart Hytrulo, or Zilbrysq;
4. If request is for a dose increase, new dose does not exceed 1,200 mg every 2 weeks*.

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*Additional doses of eculizumab may be approved in the setting of concomitant plasmapheresis, plasma exchange, fresh frozen plasma infusion, or intravenous immunoglobulin (IVIg) (*see Appendix E*).

Approval duration: 12 months

C. Neuromyelitis Optica Spectrum Disorder (must meet all):

1. Currently receiving medication via PA Health & Wellness benefit or member has previously met all initial approval criteria or the Continuity of Care Policy (PA.PHARM.01) applies;
2. Member is responding positively to therapy – including but not limited to improvement or stabilization in any of the following parameters:
 - a. Frequency of relapse;
 - b. EDSS;
 - c. Visual acuity;
3. Soliris is not prescribed concurrently with rituximab, Enspryng, Uplizna or Ultomiris;
4. If request is for a dose increase, new dose does not exceed 1,200 mg every 2 weeks*.

*Additional doses of eculizumab may be approved in the setting of concomitant plasmapheresis, plasma exchange, fresh frozen plasma infusion, or intravenous immunoglobulin (IVIg) (*see Appendix E*).

Approval duration: 12 months

D. Other diagnoses/indications (must meet 1 or 2):

1. Currently receiving medication via PA Health & Wellness benefit and documentation supports positive response to therapy or the Continuity of Care Policy (PA.PHARM.01) applies; or
2. Refer to PA.CP.PMN.53

III. Diagnoses/Indications for which coverage is NOT authorized:

- A. Non-FDA approved indications, which are not addressed in this policy, unless there is sufficient documentation of efficacy and safety according to the off-label use policies – PA.CP.PMN.53
- B. STEC-HUS.
- C. Antiphospholipid syndrome (D68.61);
- D. Unspecified nephritic syndrome with other morphologic changes (N05.8).

IV. Appendices/General Information

Appendix A: Abbreviation/Acronym Key

AchR: acetylcholine receptor

ADAMTS13: a disintegrin and metalloproteinase with thrombospondin type 1 motif, member 13

aHUS: atypical hemolytic uremic syndrome

AQP-4: aquaporin-4

EDSS: Expanded Disability Status Scale

FDA: Food and Drug Administration

gMG: generalized myasthenia gravis

GPI: glycosylphosphatidylinositol

IVIg: intravenous immunoglobulin

LDH: lactate dehydrogenase

MG-ADL: Myasthenia Gravis-Activities of Daily Living

MGFA: Myasthenia Gravis Foundation of America

PNH: paroxysmal nocturnal hemoglobinuria

STEC-HUS: Shiga toxin E. coli related hemolytic uremic syndrome

TMA: thrombotic microangiopathy

Appendix B: Therapeutic Alternatives

This table provides a listing of preferred alternative therapy recommended in the approval criteria. The drugs listed here may not be a formulary agent and may require prior authorization.

Drug Name	Dosing Regimen	Dose Limit/ Maximum Dose
Corticosteroids		
betamethasone	Oral: 0.6 to 7.2 mg PO per day	7.2 mg/day
dexamethasone	Oral: 0.75 to 9 mg/day PO	9 mg/day
methylprednisolone	Oral: 12 to 20 mg PO per day; increase as needed by 4 mg every 2-3 days until there is marked clinical improvement or to a maximum of 40 mg/day	40 mg/day
prednisone	Oral: 15 mg/day to 20 mg/day; increase by 5 mg every 2-3 days as needed. Maximum: 60 mg/day	60 mg/day
Cholinesterase Inhibitors		
pyridostigmine (Mestinon [®] , Regonol [®])	Oral immediate-release: 600 mg daily in divided doses (range, 60-1500 mg daily in divided doses) Oral sustained release: 180-540 mg QD or BID IV or IM: 2 mg every 2-3 hours	See regimen
neostigmine (Bloxivert [®])	Oral: 15 mg TID. The daily dosage should be gradually increased at intervals of 1 or more days. The usual maintenance dosage is 15-375 mg/day (average 150 mg) IM or SC: 0.5 mg based on response to therapy	See regimen
Immunosuppressants		
azathioprine (Imuran [®])	Oral: 50 mg QD for 1 week, then increase gradually to 2 to 3 mg/kg/day	3 mg/kg/day
mycophenolate mofetil (Cellcept [®])*	Oral: Dosage not established. 1 gram BID has been used with adjunctive corticosteroids or other non-steroidal immunosuppressive medications	2 g/day
cyclosporine (Sandimmune [®])*	Oral: initial dose of cyclosporine (Non-modified), 5 mg/kg/day in 2 divided doses	5 mg/kg/day
Rituxan [®] (rituximab), Riabni [™] (rituximab-arrx), Ruxience [™] (rituximab-pvvr), Truxima [®] (rituximab-abbs)*†	gMG IV: 375 mg/m ² once a week for 4 weeks; an additional 375 mg/m ² dose may be given every 1 to 3 months afterwards NMOSD IV: 375 mg/m ² per week for 4 weeks as induction, followed by 375 mg/m ² biweekly every 6 to 12 months	See regimen
Complement Inhibitor[^]		
Ultomiris [®] (ravulizumab-cwvz)	PNH, aHUS IV dosing: Day 1: Loading dose IV	IV: 3,600 mg/ 8 weeks

Drug Name	Dosing Regimen	Dose Limit/ Maximum Dose																								
	<p>Day 15 and thereafter: Maintenance dose IV. If currently receiving SC Ultomiris, administer IV Ultomiris maintenance dose starting 1 week after last SC Ultomiris maintenance dose</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Body Weight Range (kg)</th> <th>Loading Dose (mg)</th> <th>Maintenance Dose (mg)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>≥ 5 to < 10</td> <td>600</td> <td>300 every 4 weeks</td> </tr> <tr> <td>≥ 10 to < 20</td> <td>600</td> <td>600 every 4 weeks</td> </tr> <tr> <td>≥ 20 to < 30</td> <td>900</td> <td>2,100 every 8 weeks</td> </tr> <tr> <td>≥ 30 to < 40</td> <td>1,200</td> <td>2,700 every 8 weeks</td> </tr> <tr> <td>≥ 40 to < 60</td> <td>2,400</td> <td>3,000 every 8 weeks</td> </tr> <tr> <td>≥ 60 to < 100</td> <td>2,700</td> <td>3,300 every 8 weeks</td> </tr> <tr> <td>≥ 100</td> <td>3,000</td> <td>3,600 every 8 weeks</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>SC dosing (maintenance only for age ≥ 18 years and weight ≥ 40 kg): 490 mg SC per week, starting 2 weeks after IV Ultomiris loading dose or 8 weeks after last IV Ultomiris maintenance dose</p>	Body Weight Range (kg)	Loading Dose (mg)	Maintenance Dose (mg)	≥ 5 to < 10	600	300 every 4 weeks	≥ 10 to < 20	600	600 every 4 weeks	≥ 20 to < 30	900	2,100 every 8 weeks	≥ 30 to < 40	1,200	2,700 every 8 weeks	≥ 40 to < 60	2,400	3,000 every 8 weeks	≥ 60 to < 100	2,700	3,300 every 8 weeks	≥ 100	3,000	3,600 every 8 weeks	<p>SC: 490 mg/week</p>
Body Weight Range (kg)	Loading Dose (mg)	Maintenance Dose (mg)																								
≥ 5 to < 10	600	300 every 4 weeks																								
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≥ 60 to < 100	2,700	3,300 every 8 weeks																								
≥ 100	3,000	3,600 every 8 weeks																								

Therapeutic alternatives are listed as Brand name[®] (generic) when the drug is available by brand name only and generic (Brand name[®]) when the drug is available by both brand and generic.

*Off-label

†Prior authorization is required for rituximab products

^For patients switching from Soliris/Bkemb/Epysqli to Ultomiris, administer the loading dose of Ultomiris IV at the time of the next scheduled Soliris/Bkemb/Epysqli dose, and then administer maintenance doses at the specified frequency, starting 2 weeks after loading dose administration.

Appendix C: Contraindications/Boxed Warnings

- Contraindication(s): unresolved serious *Neisseria meningitidis* infection
- Boxed warning(s): serious meningococcal infections

Appendix D: General Information

- Soliris/Bkemb/Epysqli is only available through a REMS (Risk Evaluation and Mitigation Strategy) program due to the risk of life-threatening and fatal meningococcal infection. Patients should be vaccinated with a meningococcal vaccine at least 2 weeks prior to receiving the first dose of Soliris/Bkemb/Epysqli and revaccinated according to current medical guidelines for vaccine use. Patients should be monitored for early signs of meningococcal infections, evaluated immediately if infection is suspected, and treated with antibiotics if necessary.
- The Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices (ACIP)'s recommendations regarding the meningococcal vaccine are found here: <http://www.cdc.gov/vaccines/hcp/acip-recs/vacc-specific/mening.html>
- Examples of positive response to therapy include:

- PNH: improved measures of intravascular hemolysis (e.g., normalization of lactate dehydrogenase [LDH]), reduced need for red blood cell transfusions, less fatigue, improved health-related quality of life, fewer thrombotic events;
- aHUS: decreased need for plasma therapy (plasma exchange or plasma infusion), decreased need for dialysis, increased glomerular filtration rate, normalization of platelet counts and/or LDH levels;
- gMG: A 2-point reduction in MG-ADL total score is considered a clinically meaningful improvement. The scale can be accessed here:
<https://myasthenia.org/Portals/0/ADL.pdf>
- NMOSD: Stabilization or reduction in EDSS total score. EDSS ranges from 0 (no disability) to 10 (death).
- The MGFA classification has some subjectivity in it when it comes to distinguishing mild (Class II) from moderate (Class III) and moderate (Class III) from severe (Class IV). Furthermore, it is insensitive to change from one visit to the next.
- Aquaporin-4 (AQP-4): AQP-4-IgG-seropositive status is confirmed with the use of commercially available cell-binding kit assay (Euroimmun).
- Ultomiris is a humanized monoclonal antibody to complement component C5 that was engineered from Soliris. It is virtually identical to Soliris but has a longer half-life that allows for less frequent dosing intervals.
- Coverage is excluded for the following indications. The use of Soliris/Bkemv/Epysqli for these indications is considered investigational due to lack of conclusive, evidence-based data with randomized controlled trials. As such, alternative therapies for these indications include:
 - Antiphospholipid syndrome: anticoagulation therapy (e.g., vitamin K antagonists)
 - Unspecified nephritic syndrome with other morphologic changes: immunosuppression (e.g., prednisone, mycophenolate mofetil)
- In October 2021, the Institute for Clinical and Economic Review (ICER) published a final evidence report on the effectiveness and value of Soliris for the treatment of gMG. In adults with gMG positive for anti-AChR antibodies refractory to conventional therapy, there is:
 - Moderate certainty of a small or substantial net health benefit with high certainty of at least a small benefit for Soliris added to conventional therapy compared with conventional therapy alone (B+);
 - Insufficient evidence (I) to distinguish the net health benefits of rituximab from Soliris.

The 2020 MGFA international consensus guidelines for gMG recommend that Soliris be considered after trials of other immunotherapies have been unsuccessful in meeting treatment goals. Soliris is a treatment option for severe, refractory, AChR antibody positive gMG.

Appendix E: Dose Adjustment in Case of Plasmapheresis, Plasma Exchange, Fresh Frozen Plasma Infusion, or IVIg

- For aHUS, gMG, and NMOSD, supplemental dosing of eculizumab is required in the setting of concomitant plasmapheresis, plasma exchange, or fresh frozen plasma infusion.
- Additionally for gMG, a supplemental dose of eculizumab is required in the setting of concomitant use of IVIg treatment.

Type of plasma intervention	Most recent eculizumab dose	Supplemental eculizumab dose with each intervention
Plasmapheresis or plasma exchange	300 mg	300 mg per each plasmapheresis or plasma exchange session
	≥ 600 mg	600 mg per each plasmapheresis or plasma exchange session
Fresh frozen plasma infusion	≥ 300 mg	300 mg per infusion of fresh frozen plasma
IVIg acute rescue therapy	No supplemental eculizumab dose needed	
IVIg frequency equal to or more frequent than every 4 weeks	≥ 900 mg	600 mg at the same time as scheduled eculizumab dose
	≤ 600 mg	300 mg at the same time as scheduled eculizumab dose
IVIg less frequent than every 4 weeks	≥ 900 mg	600 mg at the next scheduled eculizumab dose after the last IVIg cycle
	≤ 600 mg	300 mg at the next scheduled eculizumab dose after the last IVIg cycle

V. Dosage and Administration

Drug Name	Indication	Dosing Regimen	Maximum Dose	
Soliris, Bkemy, Epysqli	PNH	IV infusion: 600 mg weekly for the first 4 weeks, followed by 900 mg for the fifth dose 1 week later, then 900 mg every 2 weeks thereafter	900 mg/dose	
	aHUS	Adults: IV infusion: 900 mg weekly for the first 4 weeks, followed by 1,200 mg for the fifth dose 1 week later, then 1,200 mg every 2 weeks thereafter*	Adult: 1,200 mg/dose Pediatric: Varies by weight	
		Pediatric: IV infusion based on body weight:*		
		Body weight		Induction
≥ 40 kg	900 mg weekly for 4 doses	1,200 mg at week 5; then 1,200 mg every 2 weeks		
30 kg to < 40 kg	600 mg weekly for 2 doses	900 mg at week 3; then 900 mg every 2 weeks		
Body weight	Induction	Maintenance		

		<table border="1"> <tr> <td>20 kg to < 30 kg</td> <td>600 mg weekly for 2 doses</td> <td>600 mg at week 3; then 600 mg every 2 weeks</td> </tr> <tr> <td>10 kg to < 20 kg</td> <td>600 mg single dose</td> <td>300 mg at week 2; then 300 mg every 2 weeks</td> </tr> <tr> <td>5 kg to < 10 kg</td> <td>300 mg single dose</td> <td>300 mg at week 2; then 300 mg every 3 weeks</td> </tr> </table> <p>*Additional doses of eculizumab are appropriate in the setting of concomitant plasmapheresis, plasma exchange, or fresh frozen plasma infusion (<i>see Appendix E</i>)</p>	20 kg to < 30 kg	600 mg weekly for 2 doses	600 mg at week 3; then 600 mg every 2 weeks	10 kg to < 20 kg	600 mg single dose	300 mg at week 2; then 300 mg every 2 weeks	5 kg to < 10 kg	300 mg single dose	300 mg at week 2; then 300 mg every 3 weeks										
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Soliris, Bkembv, Epysqli	gMG	<p>Adult: IV infusion: 900 mg weekly for the first 4 weeks, followed by 1,200 mg for the fifth dose 1 week later, then 1,200 mg every 2 weeks thereafter*</p> <p>Pediatric: IV infusion based on body weight:*</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Body weight</th> <th>Induction</th> <th>Maintenance</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>≥ 40 kg</td> <td>900 mg weekly for 4 doses</td> <td>1,200 mg at week 5; then 1,200 mg every 2 weeks</td> </tr> <tr> <td>30 kg to < 40 kg</td> <td>600 mg weekly for 2 doses</td> <td>900 mg at week 3; then 900 mg every 2 weeks</td> </tr> <tr> <td>20 kg to < 30 kg</td> <td>600 mg weekly for 2 doses</td> <td>600 mg at week 3; then 600 mg every 2 weeks</td> </tr> <tr> <td>10 kg to < 20 kg</td> <td>600 mg single dose</td> <td>300 mg at week 2; then 300 mg every 2 weeks</td> </tr> <tr> <td>5 kg to < 10 kg</td> <td>300 mg single dose</td> <td>300 mg at week 2; then 300 mg every 3 weeks</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>*Additional doses of eculizumab are appropriate in the setting of concomitant plasmapheresis, plasma exchange, or fresh frozen plasma infusion (<i>see Appendix E</i>)</p>	Body weight	Induction	Maintenance	≥ 40 kg	900 mg weekly for 4 doses	1,200 mg at week 5; then 1,200 mg every 2 weeks	30 kg to < 40 kg	600 mg weekly for 2 doses	900 mg at week 3; then 900 mg every 2 weeks	20 kg to < 30 kg	600 mg weekly for 2 doses	600 mg at week 3; then 600 mg every 2 weeks	10 kg to < 20 kg	600 mg single dose	300 mg at week 2; then 300 mg every 2 weeks	5 kg to < 10 kg	300 mg single dose	300 mg at week 2; then 300 mg every 3 weeks	1,200 mg/dose
Body weight	Induction	Maintenance																			
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5 kg to < 10 kg	300 mg single dose	300 mg at week 2; then 300 mg every 3 weeks																			
Soliris	NMOSD	<p>IV infusion: 900 mg weekly for the first 4 weeks, followed by 1,200 mg for the fifth dose 1 week later, and then 1,200 mg every 2 weeks thereafter*</p> <p>*Additional doses of eculizumab are appropriate in the setting of concomitant plasmapheresis, plasma exchange, or fresh frozen plasma infusion (<i>see Appendix E</i>)</p>	1,200 mg/dose																		

VI. Product Availability

Drug Name	Availability
Soliris	Single-dose vial: 300 mg/30 mL
Bkemv	Single-dose vial: 300 mg/30 mL
Epysqli	Single-dose vial: 300 mg/30 mL

VII. References

1. Soliris Prescribing Information. Boston, MA: Alexion Pharmaceuticals, Inc.; February 2025. Available at: https://alexion.us/-/media/alexion_global/documents/regulatory/north-america/usa/2024/english/soliris_uspi.pdf. Accessed April 30, 2025.
 2. Bkemv Prescribing Information. Thousand Oaks, CA: Amgen Inc.; October 2024. Available at: https://www.pi.amgen.com/-/media/Project/Amgen/Repository/pi-amgen-com/BKEMV/BKEMV_fpi_hcp_english.pdf. Accessed April 30, 2025.
 3. Epysqli Prescribing Information. Yeonsu-gu, Incheon: Samsung Bioepis Co., Ltd.; April 2025. Available at: <https://www.epysqli.com/globalassets/epysqli/prescribing-information.pdf>. Accessed April 30, 2025.
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Coding Implications

Codes referenced in this clinical policy are for informational purposes only. Inclusion or exclusion of any codes does not guarantee coverage. Providers should reference the most up-to-date sources of professional coding guidance prior to the submission of claims for reimbursement of covered services.

HCPCS Codes	Description
J1299	Injection, eculizumab, 2 mg
Q5151	Injection, eculizumab-aagh (epysqli), biosimilar, 2 mg
Q5152	Injection, eculizumab-aeab (bkemv), biosimilar, 2 mg

Reviews, Revisions, and Approvals	Date
Policy created	03/2017
For PNH, removed conditions constituting severe PNH that are not objective/specific. Modified requirement for 4 transfusions in last 12 months to 1 transfusion in the last 24 months per the inclusion criteria of the second pivotal trial for approval. For aHUS, removed requirements for specific clinical presentation as a specialist is required to be involved in the care. Removed requirement for causes of aHUS to be ruled out as this is non-specific and under the purview of the provider. For PNH and aHUS, removed contraindication for Neisseria meningitidis infection as this is covered by the REMS program. Added age requirements per prescribing information. Added nephrologist as a prescriber option for aHUS. Removed criteria surrounding meningococcal vaccination as this is covered by the Soliris REMS program.	02/2018

Reviews, Revisions, and Approvals	Date
Added STEC-HUS as an indication not covered. Modified all approval durations to 6 months. Added generalized myasthenia gravis indication and criteria for approval. References reviewed and updated.	
2Q 2019 annual review: Added note to appendix B that prior authorization is required for Rituxan; Aligned criteria with Ultomiris policy; for PNH, allowed documentation of detectable GPI-deficient hematopoietic clones for flow cytometry; specified examples of positive response to therapy in Section II.A; references reviewed and updated.	04/2019
1Q 2020 annual review: aHUS initial criteria and PNH/aHUS continued criteria updated to align with Ultomiris criteria; Criteria added for new FDA indication: neuromyelitis optica spectrum disorder; references reviewed and updated.	01/2020
For NMOSD added redirection to rituximab product and added requirement against concurrent use with rituximab, Enspryng, or Uplizna; added antiphospholipid syndrome and unsp nephritic syndrome with other morphologic changes to Section III diagnoses not covered; references reviewed and updated	10/2020
1Q 2021 annual review: for PNH and aHUS, added requirement against concurrent use with Ultomiris; for NMOSD, specified that Ruxience is the preferred rituximab product; references reviewed and updated.	01/2021
1Q 2022 annual review: for PNH, added restriction against concomitant use of Empaveli with Soliris with an exception for the initial 4-week cross-titration phase to align with previously approved approach for Empaveli; for NMOSD, specified that Truxima is also a preferred rituximab product; references reviewed and updated.	01/2022
Per February SDC and prior clinical guidance, for NMOSD added stepwise redirection requirement if member has failed rituximab, then member must use Enspryng.	04/2022
Per August SDC and prior clinical guidance, for NMOSD, removed redirection to Enspryng; for gMG modified from two to one immunosuppressive therapy required, added requirement that Soliris is not prescribed concurrently with Ultomiris or Vyvgart.	10/2022
1Q 2023 annual review: no significant changes; references reviewed and updated.	01/2023
3Q 2023 annual review: no significant changes; references reviewed and updated.	07/2023
3Q 2024 annual review: RT4: added newly approved biosimilar, Bkemy; updated the list of therapies that Soliris/Bkemy should not be prescribed concurrently with to include Rystiggo, Vyvgart Hytrulo, and Zilbrysq for gMG, Fabhalta for PNH, and Ultomiris for NMOSD; revised contraindications in Appendix C per updated Soliris prescribing information; references reviewed and updated.	07/2024
HCPCS code added [Q5139] and removed code [C9399] RT4: added newly approved biosimilar, Epsqli.	12/2024

Reviews, Revisions, and Approvals	Date
RT4: updated FDA approved indication for Epysqli to include adult patients with gMG who are AChR antibody positive; for gMG continuation of therapy requests, extended continuity of care allowance to Bkemv and Epysqli; for NMOSD, clarified relapse requirements per PA ops request.	
HCPCS codes added [J1299, Q5151, Q5152], removed codes [J1300, Q5139]. RT4: updated FDA approved indication for Soliris to include gMG 6 years old pediatric expansion; for aHUS, gMG, and NMOSD per PI, updated dose maximum and added asterisk stating additional doses of eculizumab may be approved if the member is receiving plasmapheresis, plasma exchange, fresh frozen plasma, or IVIg; added Appendix E to provide supplemental dosing information.	04/2025
3Q 2025 annual review: RT4: updated FDA approved indication for Bkemv to include adult patients with gMG who are AChR antibody positive; added Epysqli preferred for PNH, aHUS, and gMG over 18 years old; for PNH, added PiaSky to the list of therapies that Soliris/Bkemv/Epysqli should not be prescribed concurrently with; for gMG, clarified that the required immunosuppressive therapy should be non-steroidal; revised continued approval duration from 6 to 12 months for all indications as they are chronic conditions; references reviewed and updated.	07/2025
Per December SDC, added redirection to Ultomiris.	01/2026