CLINICAL POLICY Glucocorticoids, Inhaled



Clinical Policy: Glucocorticoids, Inhaled

Reference Number: PHW.PDL.033

Effective Date: 01/01/2020 Last Review Date: 10/2022

Revision Log

Policy/Criteria

Provider must submit documentation (such as office chart notes, lab results or other clinical information) supporting that member has met all approval criteria.

It is the policy of PA Health & Wellness® that Inhaled Glucocorticoids is **medically necessary** when the following criteria are met:

I. Requirements for Prior Authorization of Glucocorticoids, Inhaled

A. Prescriptions That Require Prior Authorization

Prescriptions for Glucocorticoids, Inhaled that meet any of the following conditions must be prior authorized:

- 1. A non-preferred Glucocorticoid, Inhaled.
- 2. A Glucocorticoid, Inhaled with a prescribed quantity that exceeds the quantity limit.
- 3. A Glucocorticoid, Inhaled when there is a record of a recent paid claim for another agent that contains an inhaled glucocorticoid (therapeutic duplication).
- 4. An inhaled long-acting anticholinergic when there is a record of a recent paid claim for another product that contains an inhaled long-acting anticholinergic (therapeutic duplication).
- 5. An inhaled long-acting beta agonist when there is a record of a recent paid claim for another product that contains an inhaled long-acting beta agonist (therapeutic duplication).

B. Review of Documentation for Medical Necessity

In evaluating a request for prior authorization of a prescription for a Glucocorticoid, Inhaled, the determination of whether the requested prescription is medically necessary will take into account whether the member:

1. For a non-preferred single-ingredient Glucocorticoid, Inhaled (i.e., a product that contains only one active ingredient), has a history of therapeutic failure, contraindication, or intolerance of the preferred single-ingredient Glucocorticoids, Inhaled; **AND**

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- 2. For a non-preferred Glucocorticoid, Inhaled combination agent (i.e., a product that contains more than one active ingredient), has a history of therapeutic failure, contraindication, or intolerance of the preferred Glucocorticoid, Inhaled combination agents; **AND**
- 3. For the rapeutic duplication, **one** of the following:
 - a. For an inhaled glucocorticoid, is being titrated to or tapered from another inhaled glucocorticoid,
 - b. For an inhaled long-acting anticholinergic, is being titrated to or tapered from another inhaled long-acting anticholinergic,
 - c. For an inhaled long-acting beta agonist, is being titrated to or tapered from another inhaled long-acting beta agonist,
 - b. Has a medical reason for concomitant use of the requested medications that is supported by peer-reviewed literature or national treatment guidelines;

AND

- 4. If a prescription for an Glucocorticoid, Inhaled is in a quantity that exceeds the quantity limit, the determination of whether the prescription is medically necessary will take into account one of the of the following:
 - a. The guidelines set forth in PA.CP.PMN.59 Quantity Limit Override,
 - b. For formoterol-containing Glucocorticoid, Inhaled for the treatment of asthma, both of the following:
 - The beneficiary is using the requested medication as part of a therapy that is supported by consensus treatment guidelines [e.g., Single Maintenance and Reliever Therapy (SMART)];
 - ii. The prescribed dose is consistent with FDA-approved package labeling, nationally recognized compendia, or peer-reviewed medical literature.

NOTE: If the member does not meet the clinical review guidelines listed above but, in the professional judgment of the physician reviewer, the services are medically necessary to meet the medical needs of the member, the request for prior authorization will be approved.

C. Clinical Review Process

Prior authorization personnel will review the request for prior authorization and apply the clinical guidelines in Section B. above to assess the medical necessity of a prescription for a Glucocorticoid, Inhaled. If the guidelines in Section B. are met, the reviewer will prior authorize the prescription. If the guidelines are not met, the prior authorization request will be referred to a physician reviewer for a medical necessity determination. Such a request for prior authorization will be approved when, in the professional judgment of the physician reviewer, the services are medically necessary to meet the medical needs of the member.

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D. Approval Duration: 12 months

E. References:

1. Expert Panel Working Group of the National Heart, Lung, and Blood Institute (NHLBI) administered and coordinated National Asthma Education and Prevention Program Coordinating Committee (NAEPPCC), Cloutier MM, Baptist AP, Blake KV, Brooks EG, Bryant-Stephens T, DiMango E, Dixon AE, Elward KS, Hartert T, Krishnan JA, Lemanske RF Jr, Ouellette DR, Pace WD, Schatz M, Skolnik NS, Stout JW, Teach SJ, Umscheid CA, Walsh CG. 2020 Focused Updates to the Asthma Management Guidelines: A Report from the National Asthma Education and Prevention Program Coordinating Committee Expert Panel Working Group. J Allergy Clin Immunol. 2020 Dec;146(6):1217-1270. doi: 10.1016/j.jaci.2020.10.003. Erratum in: J Allergy Clin Immunol. 2021 Apr;147(4):1528-1530. PMID: 33280709; PMCID: PMC7924476.

2. Global Initiative for Asthma (GINA). Global Strategy for Asthma Management and Prevention: 2022 update. https://ginasthma.org/wp-content/uploads/2022/07/GINAMain-Report-2022-FINAL-22-07-01-WMS.pdf. (Accessed July 25, 2022).

Reviews, Revisions, and Approvals	Date
Policy created	01/01/2020
Q3 2020 annual review: no changes.	07/2020
Q1 2021 annual review: no changes.	01/2021
Q1 2022: revised according to DHS revisions effective 01/03/2022.	10/2021
Q1 2023: revised according to DHS revisions effective 01/09/2023.	10/2022