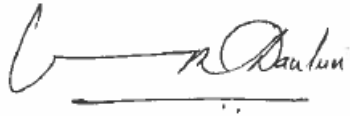


Prior Authorization Review Panel

CHC-MCO Policy Submission

A separate copy of this form must accompany each policy submitted for review.
Policies submitted without this form will not be considered for review.

Plan: PA Health & Wellness	Submission Date: N/A
Policy Number: PHW.PDL.009	Effective Date: 01/01/2020 Revision Date: 10/2021
Policy Name: Hypoglycemics, TZDs	
<p>Type of Submission – <u>Check all that apply</u>:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> New Policy <input type="checkbox"/> Revised Policy* <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Annual Review - No Revisions <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Statewide PDL - <i>Select this box when submitting policies for Statewide PDL implementation and when submitting policies for drug classes included on the Statewide PDL.</i> 	
<p>*All revisions to the policy <u>must</u> be highlighted using track changes throughout the document.</p> <p>Please provide any changes or clarifying information for the policy below:</p> <p style="margin-top: 20px;">Q1 2022 annual review: no changes.</p>	
Name of Authorized Individual (Please type or print): Venkateswara R. Davuluri, MD	Signature of Authorized Individual: 

Clinical Policy: Hypoglycemics, TZDs

Reference Number: PHW.PDL.009

Effective Date: 01/01/2020

Last Review Date: 10/2021

[Revision Log](#)

Policy/Criteria

Provider must submit documentation (such as office chart notes, lab results or other clinical information) supporting that member has met all approval criteria.

It is the policy of health plans affiliated with PA Health and Wellness® that Thiazolidinedione (TZD) Hypoglycemics is **medically necessary** when the following criteria are met:

I. Requirements for Prior Authorization of Hypoglycemics, TZDs

A. Prescriptions That Require Prior Authorization

All prescriptions for Hypoglycemics, TZDs must be prior authorized.

B. Review of Documentation for Medical Necessity

In evaluating a request for prior authorization of a prescription for a preferred or non-preferred Hypoglycemics, TZD, the determination of whether the requested prescription is medically necessary will take into account whether the beneficiary:

1. Has a diagnosis of type 2 diabetes mellitus

AND

2. Has a documented history of **one** of the following:
 - a. Failure to achieve glycemic control as evidenced by the beneficiary's HbA1c values using maximum tolerated doses of metformin,
 - b. A contraindication or intolerance to metformin,
 - c. Requires initial dual therapy with metformin based on HbA1c as defined by the American Diabetes Association or the American Association of Clinical Endocrinologists and American College of Endocrinology;

AND

3. For a non-preferred Hypoglycemics, TZD, has a documented history of therapeutic failure, contraindication, or intolerance of the preferred Hypoglycemics, TZDs. See the Preferred Drug List (PDL) for the list of preferred Hypoglycemics, TZDs at: <https://papdl.com/preferred-drug-list>; **AND**

4. If a prescription for a Hypoglycemics, TZD is in a quantity that exceeds the quantity limit, the determination of whether the prescription is medically necessary will also take into account the guidelines set forth in PA.CP.PMN.59 Quantity Limit Override.

NOTE: If the beneficiary does not meet the clinical review guidelines listed above but, in the professional judgment of the physician reviewer, the services are medically necessary to meet the medical needs of the beneficiary, the request for prior authorization will be approved.

C. Clinical Review Process

Prior authorization personnel will review the request for prior authorization and apply the clinical guidelines in Section B. above to assess the medical necessity of a prescription for a Hypoglycemics, TZD. If the guidelines in Section B. are met, the reviewer will prior authorize the prescription. If the guidelines are not met, the prior authorization request will be referred to a physician reviewer for a medical necessity determination. Such a request for prior authorization will be approved when, in the professional judgment of the physician reviewer, the service is medically necessary to meet the medical needs of the beneficiary.

D. Approval Duration: 12 months

E. References

1. American Diabetes Association. Pharmacologic approaches to glycemic treatment. Sec. 9. In Standards of Medical Care in Diabetes – 2020. Diabetes Care. 2020 Jan; 43 (Supplement 1): S98-S110. <https://doi.org/10.2337/dc20-S009>.
2. American Diabetes Association. Cardiovascular disease and risk management. Sec. 10. In Standards of Medical Care in Diabetes – 2019. Diabetes Care. 2020 Jan; 43 (Supplement 1): S111-S134. <https://doi.org/10.2337/dc20-S010>.
3. Garber AJ, Handelsman Y, et al. Consensus statement by the American Association of Clinical Endocrinologists and American College of Endocrinology on the comprehensive type 2 diabetes management algorithm – 2020 executive summary. Endocrine Practice. 2020;26(1):107-139.

Reviews, Revisions, and Approvals	Date
Policy created	01/01/2020
Q3 2020 annual review: no changes.	07/2020
Q1 2021: policy revised according to DHS revisions effective 01/05/2021	11/2020
Q1 2022 annual review: no changes.	10/2021