

## Clinical Policy: Lidocaine transdermal (Lidoderm)

Reference Number: PA.CP.PMN.08

Effective Date: 09/06

Last Review Date: 11/16

Line of Business: Medicaid

[Coding Implications](#)

[Revision Log](#)

### Description

Lidocaine (Lidoderm<sup>®</sup>) patch is comprised of an adhesive material containing 5% lidocaine, an amide-type local anesthetic agent.

### FDA approved indication

Lidoderm is indicated for

- Relief of pain associated with post-herpetic neuralgia

### Policy/Criteria

*\*Provider must submit documentation (including office chart notes and lab results) supporting that member has met all approval criteria\**

It is the policy of Pennsylvania Health and Wellness<sup>®</sup> that Lidoderm is **medically necessary** when the following criteria are met:

#### I. Initial Approval Criteria

##### A. Post-herpetic Neuralgia Secondary to Herpes Zoster (must meet all):

1. Diagnosis of post-herpetic neuralgia secondary to herpes zoster;
2. Age  $\geq$  18 years;
3. Failure of a  $\geq$  30 day trial of gabapentin at doses  $\geq$  1800 mg/day, unless member experiences clinically significant adverse effects or has contraindication(s) to gabapentin;
4. Failure of a  $\geq$  30 day trial of one PDL tricyclic antidepressant (TCA), unless member experiences clinically significant adverse effects or has contraindication(s) to all PDL TCAs;
5. ;
6. Failure of topical lidocaine gel/ointment or capsaicin cream/gel unless contraindicated;
7. Request does not exceed 3 patches per day.

**Approval duration: 6 months**

##### B. Diabetic Neuropathy (must meet all):

1. Diagnosis of diabetic neuropathy;
2. Age  $\geq$  18 years;
3. Failure of a  $\geq$  30 day trial of gabapentin at doses  $\geq$  1800 mg/day, unless member experiences clinically significant adverse effects or has contraindication(s) to gabapentin;
4. Failure of a  $\geq$  30 day trial of one PDL TCA or serotonin-norepinephrine reuptake inhibitor (SNRI) at maximum indicated doses, unless member experiences clinically significant adverse effects or has contraindications to all PDL TCAs and SNRIs;
5. Request does not exceed 3 patches per day.

**Approval duration: 6 months**

- C. Other diagnoses/indications – Refer to PA.CP.PMN.53 if diagnosis is NOT specifically listed under section III (Diagnoses/Indications for which coverage is NOT authorized)

**II. Continued Therapy**

**A. All Indications** (must meet all):

1. Currently receiving medication via Pennsylvania Health and Wellness benefit or member has previously met initial approval criteria or the Continuity of Care policy applies;
2. If request is for a dose increase, new dose does not exceed 3 patches per day.

**Approval duration: 6 months**

**B. Other diagnoses/indications** (must meet 1 or 2):

1. Currently receiving medication via Pennsylvania Health and Wellness benefit or member has previously met initial approval criteria or the Continuity of Care policy applies; or
2. Refer to PA.CP.PMN.53 if requested indication is NOT listed under section III (Diagnoses/Indications for which coverage is NOT authorized)

**Approval duration: 12 months**

**III. Diagnoses/Indications for which coverage is NOT authorized:**

- A. Non-FDA approved indications, which are not addressed in this policy, unless there is sufficient documentation of efficacy and safety according to the off-label use policy – PA.CP.PMN.53 or evidence of coverage documents

**IV. Appendices/General Information**

*Appendix A: Abbreviation Key*

PDL: preferred drug list

SNRI: serotonin-norepinephrine reuptake inhibitor

TCA: tricyclic antidepressant

**V. Dosage and Administration**

- Apply Lidoderm to intact skin to cover the most painful area.
- Apply the prescribed number of patches (maximum of 3), only once for up to 12 hours within a 24 hour period.
- Patches may be cut into smaller sizes with scissors prior to removal of the release liner.

**VI. Product Availability**

Lidoderm is supplied as a 5% transdermal patch.

**References**

**CLINICAL POLICY**  
Lidocaine transdermal



1. Lidoderm Prescribing Information. Malvern, PA: Endo Pharmaceuticals Inc.; January 2015. Available at: <https://dailymed.nlm.nih.gov/>. Accessed October 20, 2016.
2. Bril V, England J, Franklin GM, et al. Evidence-based guideline: Treatment of painful diabetic neuropathy: report of the American Academy of Neurology, the American Association of Neuromuscular and Electrodiagnostic Medicine, and the American Academy of Physical Medicine and Rehabilitation. *Neurology* 2011; 76:1758-1765.
3. Dworkin RH, O'Connor AB, Audette J, Baron R, Gourlay GK, Haanpaa ML, et al. Recommendations for the Pharmacologic Management of Neuropathic Pain: An Overview and Literature Update. *Mayo Clin Proc.* 2010 Mar; 85(3 Suppl): S3-S14.
4. Dubinsky RM, Kabbani H, El-Chami Z, Boutwell C, Ali H. Practice Parameter: Treatment of postherpetic neuralgia. An evidence-based report of the Quality Standards Subcommittee of the American Academy of Neurology. *Neurology* September 28, 2004 vol. 63 no. 6 959-965.

Reviews, Revisions, and Approvals	Date	Approval Date