

# **Prior Authorization Review Panel**

# **CHC-MCO Policy Submission**

A separate copy of this form must accompany each policy submitted for review. Policies submitted without this form will not be considered for review.

Plan: PA Health & Wellness	Submission Date: 02/01/2022		
Policy Number: PA.CP.PMN.223	Effective Date: 01/2020 Revision Date: 01/2022		
Policy Name: Rifabutin (Mycobutin)			
Type of Submission – <u>Check all that apply</u> :			
□ New Policy			
<ul><li>✓ Revised Policy*</li><li>☐ Annual Review - No Revisions</li></ul>			
Statewide PDL - Select this box when submitting policies for Statewide PDL implementation and when submitting policies for drug classes included on the Statewide PDL.			
*All revisions to the policy <u>must</u> be highlighted using track changes throughout the document.			
Please provide any changes or clarifying information for the poli	cy below:		
1Q 2022 annual review: modified medical justification language to member must use language per updated template; clarified tuberculosis off-label criteria set apples to members with HIV; references reviewed and updated.			
Name of Authorized Individual (Please type or print):	Signature of Authorized Individual:		
Venkateswara R. Davuluri, MD	Con Baulun		

# CLINICAL POLICY Rifabutin



**Clinical Policy: Rifabutin (Mycobutin)** 

Reference Number: PA.CP.PMN.223

Effective Date: 01/2020 Last Review Date: 01/2022

**Revision Log** 

# **Description**

Rifabutin (Mycobutin®) is a derivative of rifamycin, an antimycobacterial agent.

#### FDA Approved Indication(s)

Mycobutin is indicated for the prevention of disseminated *Mycobacterium avium* complex (MAC) disease in patients with advanced HIV infection.

# Policy/Criteria

Provider must submit documentation (such as office chart notes, lab results or other clinical information) supporting that member has met all approval criteria.

It is the policy of health plans affiliated with PA Health & Wellness® that Mycobutin is **medically necessary** when the following criteria are met:

### I. Initial Approval Criteria

### A. Mycobacterium avium Complex Prophylaxis (must meet all):

- 1. Request is for Mycobutin;
- 2. Prescribed by or in consultation with an HIV or infectious disease specialist;
- 3. Failure of azithromycin or clarithromycin, unless clinically significant adverse effects are experienced or both are contraindicated;
- 4. If request is for brand Mycobutin, member must use generic rifabutin unless contraindicated or clinically significant adverse effects are experienced;
- 5. Dose does not exceed 300 mg (2 capsules) per day.

**Approval duration: 12 months** 

#### **B.** *Helicobacter pylori* **Infection** (must meet all):

- 1. Diagnosis of *H. pylori* infection;
- 2. Prescribed by or in consultation with a gastroenterologist or infectious disease specialist;
- 3. Age  $\geq$  18 years;
- 4. Failure of a first-line treatment regimen (see *Appendix B*), unless contraindicated, clinically significant adverse effects are experienced, or culture and sensitivity report shows resistance or lack of susceptibility of *H. pylori* to all first-line treatment regimens;
- 5. For Mycobutin (off-label) requests, prescribed in combination with amoxicillin and a proton pump inhibitor;
- 6. If request is for brand Mycobutin, member must use generic rifabutin unless contraindicated or clinically significant adverse effects are experienced;
- 7. Dose does not exceed 300 mg (2 capsules) per day;

### **Approval duration:**

# CLINICAL POLICY Rifabutin



### **Mycobutin** – 10 days

#### C. Tuberculosis (off-label) (must meet all):

- 1. Diagnosis of tuberculosis infection in member with HIV;
- 2. Request is for Mycobutin;
- 3. Prescribed by or in consultation with an HIV or infectious disease specialist;
- 4. Documentation of current or anticipated treatment with protease inhibitors, non-nucleoside reverse transcriptase inhibitors (NNRTIs), or maraviroc for the treatment of HIV infection, or if medical justification supports intolerance to use rifampin;
- 5. If request is for brand Mycobutin, member must use generic rifabutin unless contraindicated or clinically significant adverse effects are experienced;
- 6. Dose does not exceed one of the following (a or b):
  - a. 300 mg (2 capsules) per day;
  - b. 600 mg (4 capsules) per day and member is being treated with efavirenz.

# **Approval duration: 12 months**

# D. Other diagnoses/indications

1. Refer to the off-label use policy if diagnosis is NOT specifically listed under section III (Diagnoses/Indications for which coverage is NOT authorized): PA.CP.PMN.53

# **II. Continued Therapy**

# A. Mycobacterium avium Complex Prophylaxis (must meet all):

- 1. Currently receiving medication via PA Health & Wellness benefit and documentation supports positive response to therapy or the Continuity of Care policy (PA.LTSS.PHAR.01) applies;
- 2. Member is responding positively to therapy;
- 3. If request is for brand Mycobutin, member must use generic rifabutin unless contraindicated or clinically significant adverse effects are experienced;
- 4. If request is for a dose increase, new dose does not exceed 300 mg (2 capsules) per day.

#### **Approval duration: 12 months**

#### B. Helicobacter pylori Infection

1. Re-authorization is not permitted. Members must meet the initial approval criteria.

# **Approval duration: Not applicable**

#### **C. Tuberculosis** (must meet all):

- 1. Currently receiving medication via PA Health & Wellness benefit and documentation supports positive response to therapy or the Continuity of Care policy (PA.LTSS.PHAR.01) applies;
- 2. Documentation of current treatment with protease inhibitors, non-nucleoside reverse transcriptase inhibitors (NNRTIs), or maraviroc for the treatment of HIV infection, or if medical justification supports intolerance to use rifampin;
- 3. If request is for brand Mycobutin, member must use generic rifabutin unless contraindicated or clinically significant adverse effects are experienced;

# CLINICAL POLICY Rifabutin



- 4. If request is for a dose increase, new dose does not exceed one of the following (a or b):
  - a. 300 mg (2 capsules) per day;
  - b. 600 mg (4 capsules) per day and member is being treated with efavirenz.

#### Approval duration: Up to a total duration of 12 months

# **D.** Other diagnoses/indications (must meet 1 or 2):

1. Currently receiving medication via PA Health & Wellness benefit and documentation supports positive response to therapy or the Continuity of Care policy (PA.LTSS.PHAR.01) applies.

Approval duration: Duration of request or 12 months (whichever is less); or

2. Refer to the off-label use policy if diagnosis is NOT specifically listed under section III (Diagnoses/Indications for which coverage is NOT authorized): PA.CP.PMN.53

### III. Diagnoses/Indications for which coverage is NOT authorized:

**A.** Non-FDA approved indications, which are not addressed in this policy, unless there is sufficient documentation of efficacy and safety according to the off label use policies – PA.CP.PMN.53

### IV. Appendices/General Information

Appendix A: Abbreviation/Acronym Key FDA: Food and Drug Administration

NNRTI: non-nucleoside reverse transcriptase inhibitors

# Appendix B: Therapeutic Alternatives

This table provides a listing of preferred alternative therapy recommended in the approval criteria. The drugs listed here may not be a formulary agent for all relevant lines of business and may require prior authorization.

Drug Name	Dosing Regimen	Dose Limit/
Drug Name	Dosing Regimen	Maximum Dose
azithromycin	MAC: 1,200 mg PO once weekly or 600 mg PO	500 mg/day
	twice weekly	
clarithromycin	MAC: 500 mg PO BID	1.5 g/day
clarithromycin	H. pylori infection:	See dosing
triple regimen	14 days:	regimen
	PPI (standard or double dose) BID;	
	Clarithromycin 500 mg;	
	Amoxicillin 1,000 mg or metronidazole 500 mg	
	TID (if penicillin allergy)	
bismuth	H. pylori infection:	See dosing
quadruple	10-14 days:	regimen
regimen	PPI (standard dose) BID; bismuth subcitrate (120-	
	300 mg) or subsalicylate (300 mg) QID;	
	tetracycline 500 mg QID; metronidazole 250 mg	
	QID or 500 mg TID-QID	



Drug Name	Dosing Regimen	Dose Limit/ Maximum Dose
concomitant	H. pylori infection:	See dosing
regimen	10-14 days:	regimen
	PPI (standard dose) BID; Clarithromycin 500 mg;	
	Amoxicillin 1,000 mg;	
	Metronidazole or tinidazole 500 mg	C - 1 1 1
sequential	H. pylori infection:	See dosing
regimen	5-7 days of BID PPI (standard dose) + amoxicillin 1,000 mg; followed by 5-7 days of BID PPI,	regimen
	clarithromycin 500 mg + metronidazole/tinidazole	
hybrid regimen	H. pylori infection:	See dosing
	7 days of BID PPI (standard dose) + amoxicillin	regimen
	1,000 mg; followed by 7 days of BID PPI,	
	amoxicillin + clarithromycin 500 mg +	
	metronidazole/tinidazole	
levofloxacin	H. pylori infection:	See dosing
triple regimen	10-14 days:	regimen
	PPI (standard dose) BID; levofloxacin 500 mg	
	QD; amoxicillin 1,000 mg BID	
levofloxacin	H. pylori infection:	See dosing
sequential	5-7 days of BID PPI (standard dose) + amoxicillin	regimen
regimen	1,000 mg; followed by 5-7 days of BID PPI,	
	amoxicillin + metronidazole/tinidazole + QD	
mifolantin tainle	levofloxacin 500 mg	Can desine
rifabutin triple	H. pylori infection:	See dosing
	10 days of BID PPI (standard dose) + amoxicillin 1,000 mg BID + rifabutin 300 mg QD	regimen
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Therapeutic alternatives are listed as Brand name® (generic) when the drug is available by brand name only and generic (Brand name®) when the drug is available by both brand and generic.

# Appendix C: Contraindications/Boxed Warnings

- Contraindication(s):
  - Mycobutin: clinically significant hypersensitivity to rifabutin or to any other rifamycins
- Boxed warning(s): none reported

# Appendix D: General Information

• There is no evidence that rifabutin is an effective prophylaxis against Mycobacterium tuberculosis.

# V. Dosage and Administration

Drug Name	Indication	<b>Dosing Regimen</b>	Maximum Dose
Rifabutin (Mycobutin)	MAC prophylaxis	300 mg PO QD or 150 mg PO BID	300 mg/day



Drug Name	Indication	<b>Dosing Regimen</b>	Maximum Dose
	Tuberculosis infection in patients co-infected with HIV	300 mg (approximately 5 mg/kg) PO QD in combination with other agents for up to 12 months	300 mg/day (600 mg/day if treatment with efavirenz)
	H. pylori infection (off-label)	300 mg PO QD with amoxicillin 1 g PO BID and proton pump inhibitor PO BID	300 mg/day

VI. Product Availability

Drug Name	Availability
Rifabutin (Mycobutin)	Capsule: 150 mg

#### VII. References

- Mycobutin Prescribing Information. New York, New York: Pharmacia & Upjohn Co; September 2021. Available at: <a href="https://www.accessdata.fda.gov/drugsatfda\_docs/label/2021/050689s026lbl.pdf">https://www.accessdata.fda.gov/drugsatfda\_docs/label/2021/050689s026lbl.pdf</a>. Accessed September 23, 2021.
- 2. Clinical Pharmacology [database online]. Tampa, FL: Gold Standard, Inc.; 2020. Available at: <a href="http://www.clinicalpharmacology-ip.com/">http://www.clinicalpharmacology-ip.com/</a>. Accessed September 23, 2021.
- 3. U.S. Department of Health and Human Services. Guidelines for the Prevention and Treatment of Opportunistic Infections in HIV-Infected Adults and Adolescents. Available at: <a href="https://clinicalinfo.hiv.gov/sites/default/files/guidelines/documents/Adult\_OI.pdf">https://clinicalinfo.hiv.gov/sites/default/files/guidelines/documents/Adult\_OI.pdf</a>. Accessed September 23, 2021.
- 4. Chey WD, Leontiadis GI, Howden CW, et al. ACG Clinical Guideline: Treatment of Helicobacter pylori Infection. American Journal of Gastroenterology: 2017 January 10; doi: 10.1038/ajg.2016.563.

Reviews, Revisions, and Approvals	Date	P&T
		Approval Date
		Date
Policy created	01/2020	
1Q21 annual review: removed Talicia from policy as this was	01/2021	
added to the Pennsylvania Medical Assistance Program's Statewide		
Preferred Drug List; added "off-label" for Mycobutin for H. pylori		
infection; added redirection to generic rifabutin in initial and		
continuation criteria; references reviewed and updated.		
1Q 2022 annual review: modified medical justification language to	01/2022	
member must use language per updated template; clarified		
tuberculosis off-label criteria set apples to members with HIV;		
references reviewed and updated.		